

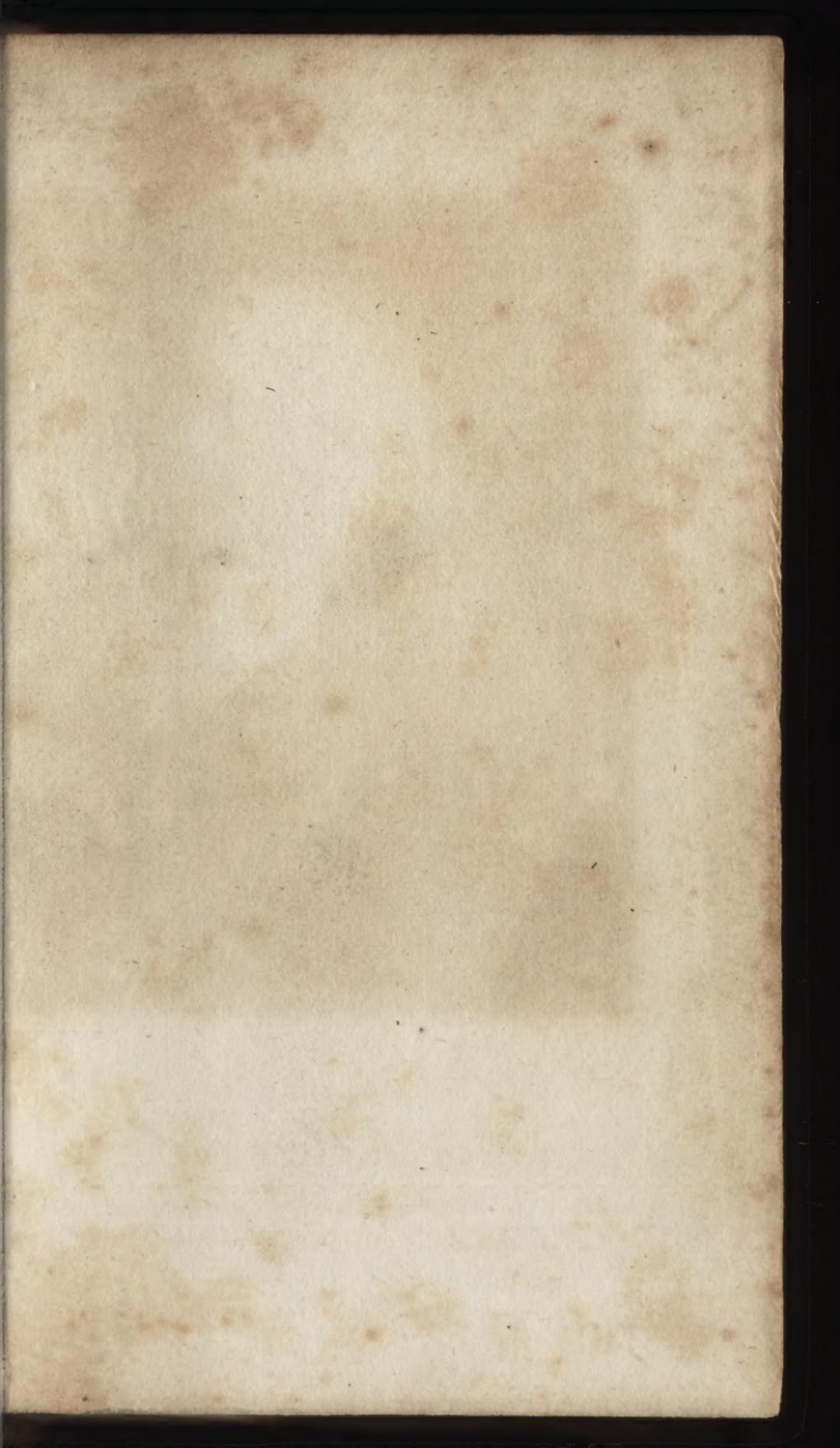


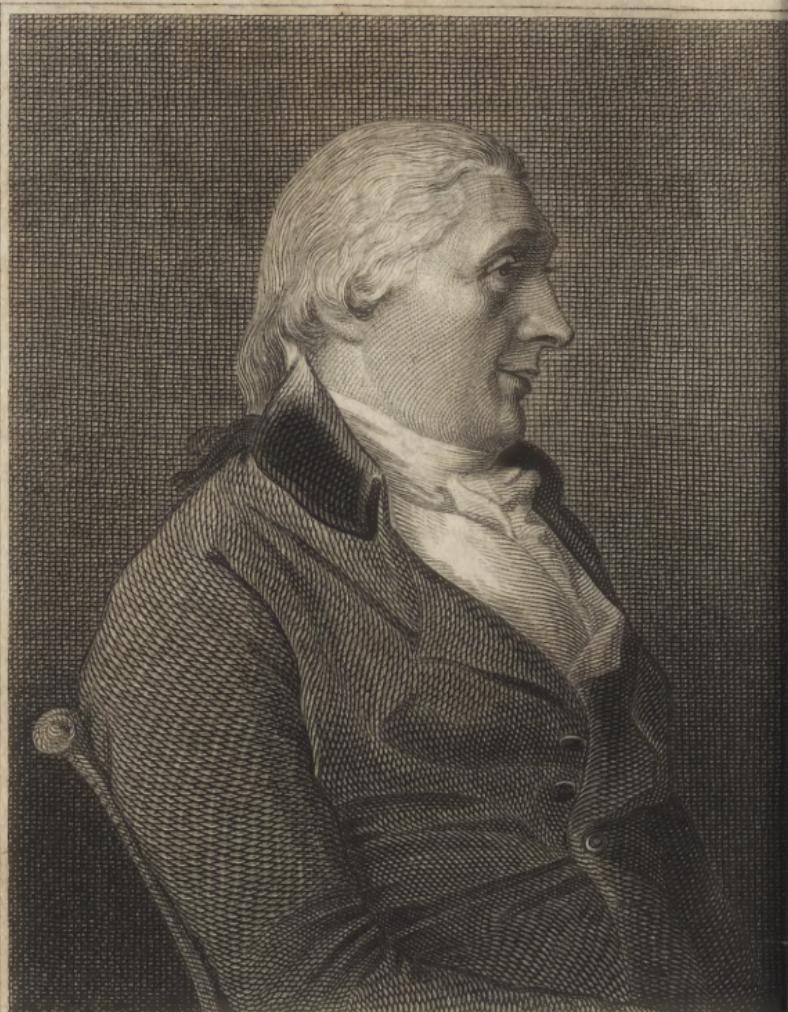
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# Hector Macneill Esq.<sup>r</sup>

*Publish'd as the Act directs by Longman & Rees London 1 June 1804.*

THE  
POETICAL WORKS

OF

*HECTOR MACNEILL, Esq.*

---

—DISJECTA MEMBRA POETÆ. HOR.

---

VOL. I.

---

LONDON:

PRINTED BY T. BENSLEY, BOLT COURT, FLEET STREET,  
FOR T. N. LONGMAN AND O. REES;  
AND  
A. GUTHRIE, MANNERS AND MILLER, AND  
A. CONSTABLE, EDINBURGH.

1801.



TO

JAMES CURRIE, M. D.

THE FOLLOWING POEMS,

IN TESTIMONY OF AFFECTION AND ESTEEM,

ARE INSCRIBED,

BY HIS SINCERE FRIEND,

EDINBURGH,  
25th June, 1801.

*H. MACNEILL.*

## ADVERTISEMENT.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

SOME of the poems in the following collection, the public have already seen, and received with flattering attention; others have occasionally appeared in different periodical publications in a very incorrect state, while many of the songs set to music, have for a number of years back been exposed to sale in the music shops. As a few of the most popular and important pieces have for some time past been out of print, and are, it seems, still in request, I have, at length, yielded to the repeated solicitations of the Edinburgh booksellers, and selected all the poetical productions I mean to acknowledge, with the view of their being printed in two volumes, which, I am told, are shortly to be presented to the public.

A considerable part of the English pieces inserted in the present collection, were written at a time of life when imagination too often triumphs over judgment, and passion rejects the sober aid of criticism. Apology for insignificant produc-

tions written at an early period has nothing to do with this observation, since to present fruits that are insipid or ill-flavoured merely on account of their immaturity, is surely a sorry compliment to the taste of a discerning public. On the present occasion, I am apprehensive I have been influenced more by a gratification of my own taste than an anxiety to gratify that of others. There are certain events in the early stages of life, which, on a retrospect, interest and charm perhaps beyond any other. Among these, scenes and circumstances annexed to youth and passion cannot fail to be remembered with peculiar pleasure, while the occasional and unpremeditated effusions which commemorate the joys that are past, and the friends that are no more, become, even with their faults, the children of our affection. These, however, have been examined with some care, and, I would fain hope, with *some* impartiality. Many, with a sigh, have been consigned to oblivion; but on a general review of my poetical offspring, I cannot deny that, while I fancied some puny and unpromising, I was incapable of excluding them from

the *last and only* protection I had to offer. If, in this parental weakness, I have been in fault, it is hoped that the error will be attributed to no other cause. The *cacoethes carpendi* cannot surely attach to one who has so long resisted solicitations to collect, far less the silly vanity of exhibiting to the world what diffidence has so long taught him to conceal.

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The following Verses possess such uncommon merit,  
and are so fine a tribute to the memory of a de-  
ceased and favourite Scottish Poet, that rather than  
withhold them from the lovers of genuine poetry,  
the Author thus subjects himself to the imputation  
of vanity in publishing the elegant, though un-  
merited compliment they contain.

## V E R S E S

ADDRESSED TO

HECTOR MACNEILL, ESQ.

AUTHOR OF WILL AN' JEAN.

THE daisy-flower may blaw unseen  
On mountain-tap—in valley green !  
The rose alane, in native sheen,  
    Its head may raise !  
Nae musing bardie now, I ween,  
    To sing their praise !

X

Nae pensive minstrel wight we see  
Gang saunt'ring o'er the claver lee!  
The fireflaughts dartin' frae his ee  
The wilds amang!  
Wha native freaks wi' native glee  
Sae sweetly sang!

His was the gift, wi' magic power,  
To catch the thought in happy hour;  
To busk his verse wi' ilka flower  
O' fancy sweet!  
An' paint the birk or brushwood bower,  
Whar lovers meet!

But now he fills his silent ha'!

My sweetest minstrel's fled awa!—

Yet shall his weel-won laurels blaw

Through future days,

Till weary time in flenders a'

The warld lays!

Such *was* the dowie plaint o' wae

Which Scotia made by bank an' brae,

Whan Burns—(puir Burns!) was ta'en away

And laid at rest!—

(Green grow the grass!—light lie the clay

Upon his breast!)

But *now* she drops the waefu' tale,  
And notes o' transport fill the gale;  
Nae langer down the silent vale

She lanely mourns,  
And to her cheek, ance lily pale,  
The rose returns!

The streaks o' joy glint in her face,  
Thy steps, Macneill, sweet bard! to trace;  
To mark wi' nature's peerless grace

Thy blossoms blaw!  
Happy to see thee fill the place  
O' him awa!

How sairlie does her bosom beat  
At puir misfortune's wretched state!  
While tracing WILL through poortith great  
And prospects drear!

And at thy JEANIE's hapless fate  
She draps a tear!

Then mark, sweet minstrel o' the day!  
Thy Scotia's sons an' maidens gay;  
Her deep wild glens; her mountains grey,  
Wi' misty head;  
And eke her ilka sunny brae  
Wi' flow'rs o'erspread!

What time alane thou may'st retire,  
May these thy fairy thoughts inspire,  
And set thy manly saul on fire

In Scotia's praise;

And mak thee strike thy native lyre  
To safest lays !

To wake the pangs Despair maun dree,

Whan driven houseless o'er the lee ;

To strike the strings o' Sympathie

Whan griefs combine ;

To start the tear in Pity's ee—

The task be thine.

Edinburgh,  
October 11, 1799.

RICHARD GALL.\*

\* Since sending the above to the press, this amiable and ingenious young man has paid his debt to nature.

XV

In his death the Scottish muse has cause to lament the loss of one of her favourite sons. Of this the public will perhaps receive more ample proofs soon, the author having been informed that a small collection of Mr. Gall's poetical pieces, accompanied by a short account of his life, is intended for publication.



# SCOTLAND'S SCAITH,

OR THE

*HISTORY O' WILL AND JEAN:*

OWRE TRUE A TALE!

---

So shall thy poverty come, as one that travelleth; and  
thy want as an armed man. PROV.

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TO

# DAVID DOIG, LL. D. F. S. S. A.

MASTER OF THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL,  
STIRLING.

---

MY DEAR SIR,

AFTER having taken one liberty with you, which your indulgent friendship induced you to excuse, you see I am determined to put your good nature to the test, by taking another. The harmless artifice of an author concealing himself, by ascribing his work to the pen of a friend, is a species of literary fraud, which, as it implies neither vanity nor ambition, may be easily overlooked ; but to dedicate, without permission, a performance which has obtained uncommon proofs of public approbation, is a freedom, which, perhaps, by the illiberal, might be

imputed, not to an impulse of affection, but to a confidence of success. I trust, however, that you and I know one another too well, to require the formality of ceremony to secure our friendship; or laboured apology to evince our motives of regard. It, therefore, only rests with me at present, to inform the public, that by this address, my object is not to solicit a patron to what has already been so liberally patronized, but to communicate a fact which I cannot in justice prevail on myself to conceal; namely, that without the kind interference, and friendly assistance of Dr. Doig, the poem of Scotland's Scaith, in all likelihood, would never have been published.

My motives for having depicted, and yours in publishing this too faithful portrait of modern depravity, were the same. Impressed with the baneful consequences inseparable from an inordinate use of ardent spirits among the lower orders

of society, and anxious to contribute something that might at least tend to retard the contagion of so dangerous an evil; it was conceived, in the ardour of philanthropy, that a natural, pathetic story, in verse, calculated to enforce moral truths, in the language of simplicity and passion, might probably interest the uncorrupted; and that a striking picture of the calamities incident to idle debauchery, contrasted with the blessings of industrious prosperity, might (although insufficient to reclaim abandoned vice) do something to strengthen and encourage endangered virtue. Visionary as these fond expectations may have been, it is pleasing to cherish the idea; and if we may be allowed to draw favourable inferences, from the sale of ten thousand copies in the short space of five months, why should we despair of success?

Having said so much on so trivial a subject, allow me, in conclusion, to add a few words to

the person who has been the chief cause of the present publication. On this opportunity, I must confess, I am strongly tempted to say much; but the recollection of a modesty as remarkable as the genius and erudition of its possessor, restrains the fervour of friendship, and withholds the just tribute of applause. A more lively, and more pleasing recollection of virtues, which are superior to all that literature or talents can bestow, inclines me, however, to think, that indifferent as you have long been, to the 'obstreperous trump of fame,' the 'still small voice of gratitude' and esteem will not be unpleasant to your ear; and that you will believe me to be, without further profession,

My dear Sir,

Your affectionate

And most obedient Servant,

Edinburgh,  
July 1795.

HECTOR MACNEILL.

## WILL AND JEAN.

---

### PART I.

Wha was ance like Willie Gairlace,  
Wha in neeboring town or farm?  
Beauty's bloom shone in his fair face,  
Deadly strength was in his arm!

Wha wi' Will could rin, or wrastle?  
Throw the sledge, or toss the bar?  
Hap what would, he stood a castle.  
Or for safety, or for war:

Warm his heart, and mild as manfu',  
 Wi' the bauld he bauld could be ;  
 But to friends wha had their handfu'  
 Purse and service aye ware free.

Whan he first saw Jeanie Miller,  
 Wha wi' Jeanie could compare ?—  
 Thousands had mair braws and siller,  
 But ware ony half sae fair ?

Saft her smile raise like May morning,  
 Glinting owre Demait's \* brow :  
 Sweet ! wi' opening charms adorning  
 Strevlin's † lovely plain below !

\* One of the Ochil Hills near Stirling.—Dun-ma-chit (Gaelic), the hill of the good prospect. It is pronounced De-myit.

† The ancient name of Stirling.

Kind and gentle was her nature;

At ilk place she bare the bell;—

Sic a bloom, and shape, and stature!

But her look nae tongue can tell!

Sic was Jean, whan Will first mawing,

Spied her on a thraward beast;

Flew like fire, and just whan fa'ing

Kept her on his manly breast.

Light he bare her, pale as ashes,

Cross the meadow, fragrant, green!

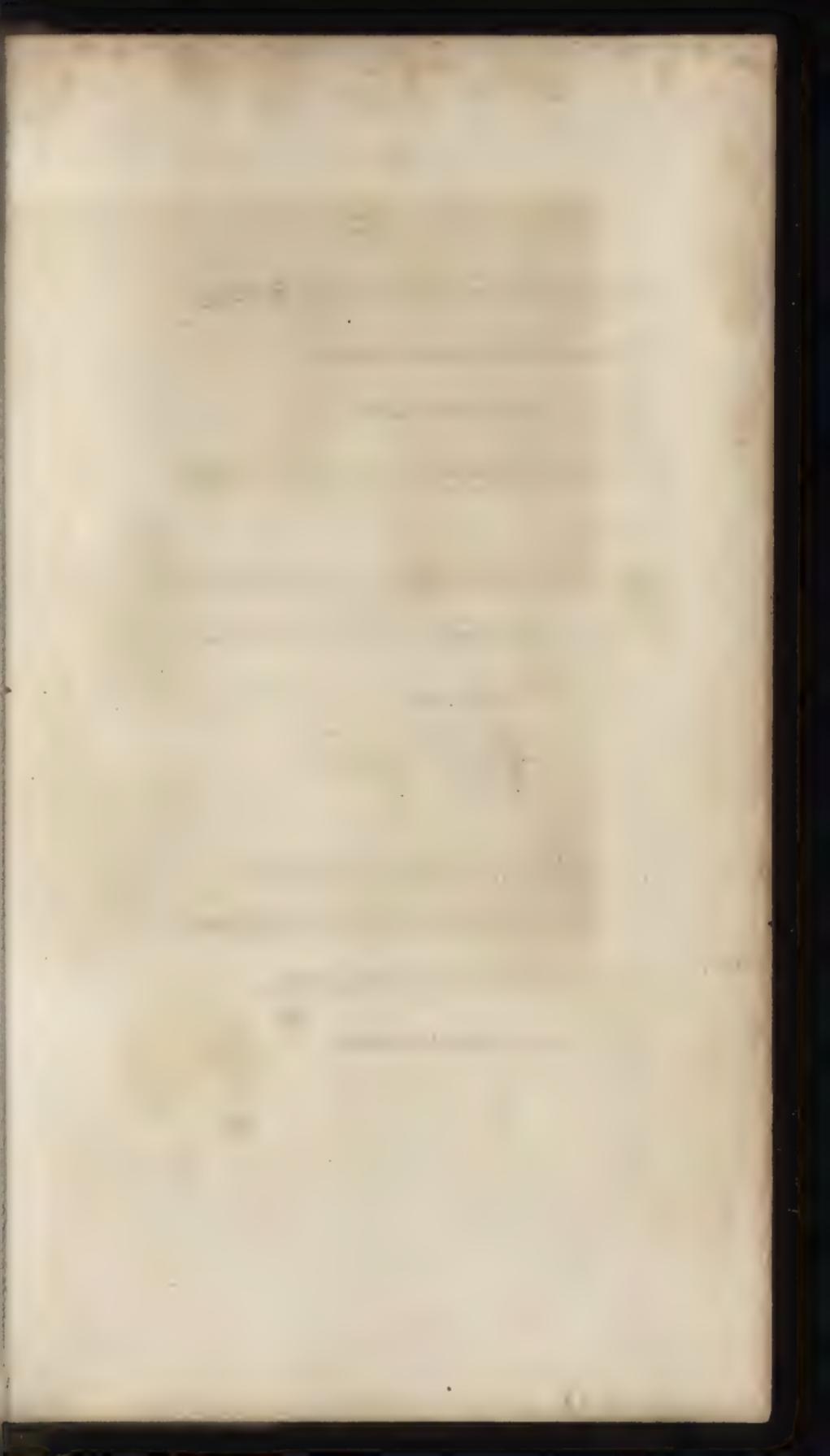
Plac'd her on the new-mawn rashes,

Watching sad her opening een.

Sic was Will, whan poor Jean fainting  
Drapt into a lover's arms ;  
Waken'd to his saft lamenting ;  
Sigh'd, and blush'd a thousand charms :

Soon they loo'd, and soon ware buckled ;  
Nane took time to think and rue.—  
Youth and worth and beauty cuppled ;  
Luve had never less to do.

Three short years flew by fu' canty,  
Jean and Will thought them but ane ;  
Ilka day brought joy and plenty,  
Ilka year a dainty wean ;





Stothard del.

Milton sculps.

Will wrought sair, but aye wi' pleasure;  
Jean the hale day span and song;  
Will and Jean her constant treasure,  
Blest wi' them, nae day seemid lang.

Publish'd as the Act directs by Longman & Rees 1<sup>st</sup> June 1802.

## 11

Will wrought sair, but aye wi' pleasure;

Jean the hale day span and sang;

Will and Weans her constant treasure,

Blest wi' them, nae day seem'd lang;

Trig her house, and oh! to busk aye

Ilk sweet bairn was a' her pride!—

But at this time NEWS AND WHISKY

Sprang nae up at ilk road-side.

Luckless was the hour whan Willie

Hame returning frae the fair,

Ow'r-took Tam, a neebor billie,

Sax miles frae their hame and mair;

Simmer's heat had lost its fury;  
Calmly smil'd the sober e'en;  
Lasses on the bleachfield hurry  
Skelping bare-fit owre the green;

Labour rang wi' laugh and clatter,  
Canty Hairst was just begun,  
And on mountain, tree, and water  
Glinted saft the setting sun.

Will and Tam wi' hearts a' lowpin  
Mark'd the hale, but could nae bide;  
Far frae hame, nae time for stoppin,  
Baith wish'd for their ain fire side:

On they travell'd, warm and drouthy,  
Cracking owre the news in town;  
The mair they crack'd, the mair ilk youthy  
Pray'd for drink to wash news down.

Fortune, wha but seldom listens  
To poor merit's modest pray'r;  
And on fools heaps needless blessins,  
Harken'd to our drouthy pair;

In a howm, wha's bonnie burnie  
Whimperin row'd its crystal flood,  
Near the road, whar trav'lers turn aye,  
Neat and bield a cot-house stood;

White the wa's, wi' roof new theekit,

Window broads just painted red;

Lown 'mang trees and braes it reekit,

Hafins seen and hafins hid;

Up the gavel end thick spreading

Crap the clasping ivy green,

Back owre, firs the high craigs cleading,

Rais'd a' round a cozey screen;

Down below, a flowery meadow

Join'd the burnie's rambling line;—

Here it was, that Howe the Widow

This sam day set up her sign.

Brattling down the brae, and near its  
Bottom, Will first marvelin sees  
' Porter, Ale, and British Spirits,'  
Painted bright between twa trees.

' Godsake! Tam, here's walth for drinking;—  
Wha can this new comer be?'  
' Hoot! quo' Tam, there's drouth in thinking—  
Let's in, Will, and syne we'll see.'

Nae mair time they took to speak or  
Think o' ought but reaming jugs;  
Till three times in humming liquor  
Ilk lad deeply laid his lugs.

Slocken'd now, refresh'd and talking,  
In came Meg (weel skill'd to please)  
'Sirs ! ye're surely tyr'd wi' walking ;—  
Ye maun taste my bread and cheese.'

'Thanks, quo' Will ;—I canna tarry,  
Pick mirk night is setting in,  
Jean, poor thing's ! her lane and eery—  
I maun to the road and rin.'

Hoot ! quo' Tam, what's a' the hurry ?  
Hame's now scarce a mile o' gait—  
Come ! sit down—Jean winna wearie :  
Lord ! I'm sure it's no sae late !

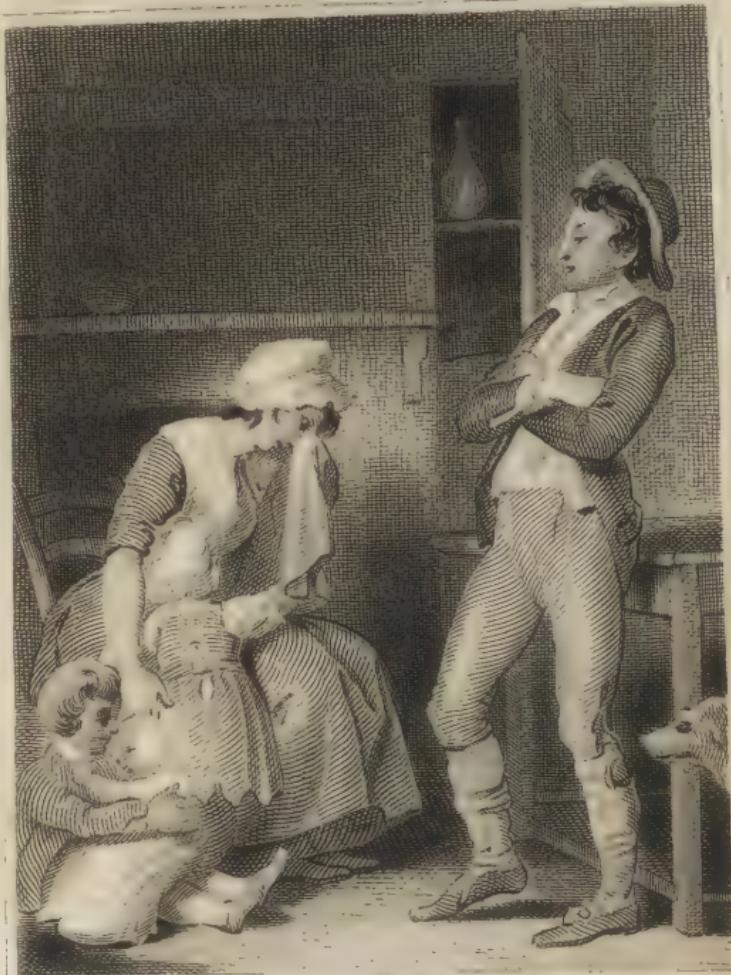
Will, o'ercome wi' Tam's oration,  
Baith fell to and ate their fill—  
'Tam!' quo' Will, 'in meer discretion,  
We maun hae the Widow's gill.'

After ae gill cam anither—  
Meg sat cracking 'tween them twa,  
Bang! cam in Mat Smith and's brither,  
Geordie Brown and Sandie Shaw.

Neebors wha ne'er thought to meet here,  
Now sat down wi' double glee,  
Ilka gill grew sweet and sweeter!—  
Will gat hame 'tween twa and three.

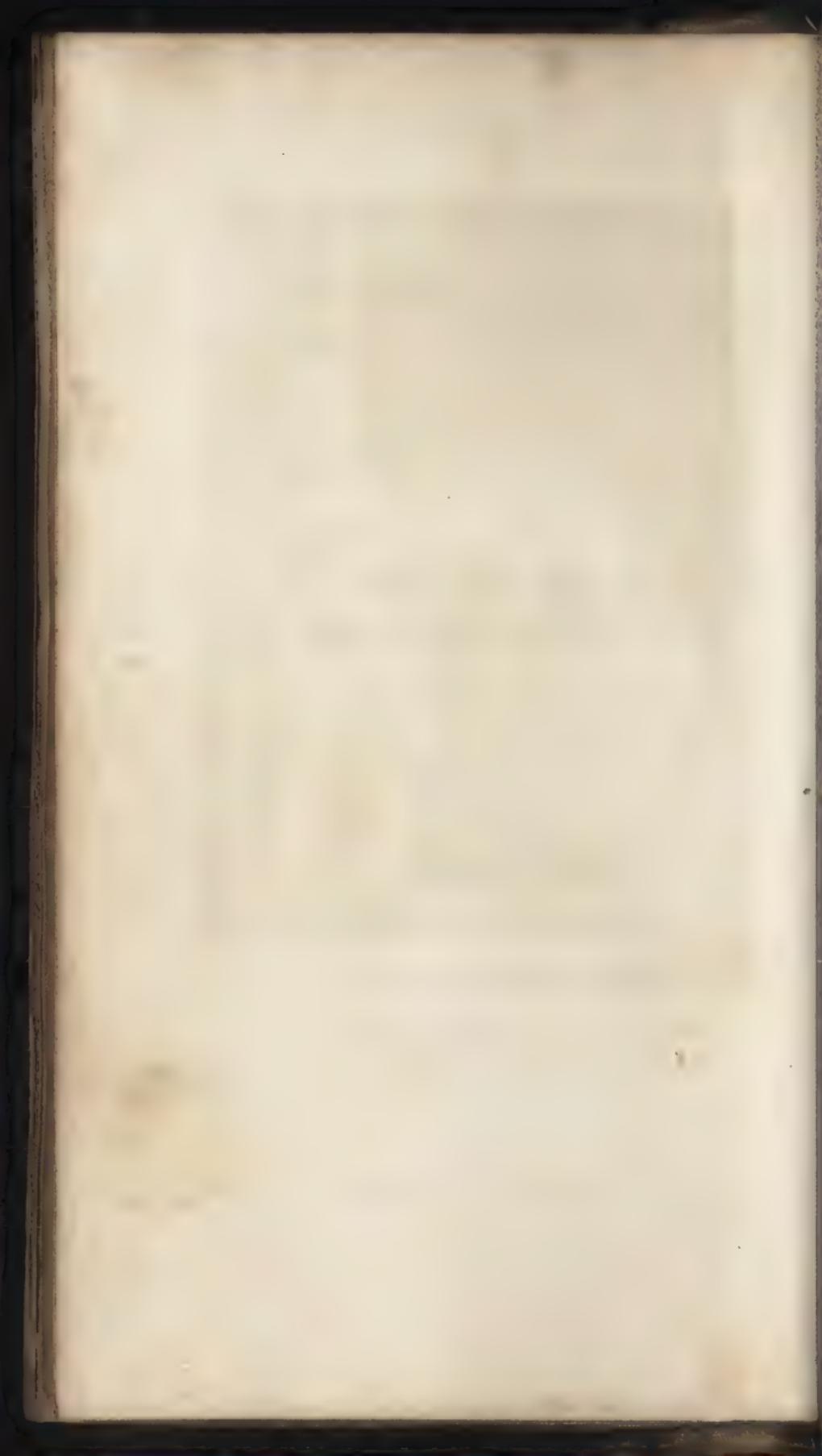
Jean, poor thing ! had lang been greetin ;  
Will, neist morning, blam'd Tam Lowes,  
But ere lang, an owkly meetin  
Was set up at Maggie Howe's.

END OF THE FIRST PART.



*“Jean, poor thing! had lang been greetin’;  
Will, neist morning, blanid Tam Lowes.*

*Published as the Act directs by Longman & Rees 1 June 1801.*



## P A R T II.

MAIST things hae a sma' beginnin,

But wha kens how things will end ?

Owkly clubs are nae great sinnin,

Gin folk hae enough to spend.

But nae man o' sober thinkin

E'er will say that things can thrive,

If there's spent in owkly drinkin

What keeps wife and weans alive.

Drink maun aye hae conversation,  
Ilka social soul allows ;  
But, in this reformin nation,  
Wha can speak without the news ?

News, first meant for state physicians,  
Deeply skill'd in courtly drugs ;  
Now whan a' are politicians,  
Just to set folks by the lugs.

Maggie's club, wha could get nae light  
On some things that should be clear,  
Found ere lang the fau't, and ae night  
Clubb'd and gat the Gazetteer \*.

\* The Edinburgh Gazetteer, a violent opposition paper,  
published in 1793-4.

Twice a week to Maggie's cot-house,

Swith ! by post the papers fled !

Thoughts spring up like plants in hot-house,

Every time the news are read.

Ilk ane's wiser than anither,—

‘ Things are no ga'en right,’ quo' Tam,

‘ Let us aftener meet thegither ;

Twice a' owk's no worth a d—n.’

See them now in grave convention

To mak a' things ‘ square and even ;’

Or at least wi' firm intention

To drink sax nights out o' seven.

Mid this sitting up and drinkin,  
Gatherin a' the news that fell ;  
Will, wha was nae yet past thinkin,  
Had some battles wi' himsell.

On ae hand, drink's deadly poison  
Bare ilk firm resolve awa ;  
On the ither, Jean's condition  
Rave his very heart in twa.

Weel he saw her smother'd sorrow !  
Weel he saw her bleaching cheek !  
Mark'd the smile she strave to borrow,  
Whan, poor thing, she could nae speak !

Jean, at first, took little heed o'  
Owkly clubs mang three or four,  
Thought, kind soul ! that Will had need o'  
Heartsome hours whan wark was owre.

But whan now that nightly meetings  
Sat and drank frae sax till twa;  
Whan she fand that hard-earn'd gettings  
Now on drink ware thrown awa;

Saw her Will, wha ance sae cheerie  
Raise ilk morning wi' the lark,  
Now grown mauchless, dowf and sneer aye  
To look near his farm or wark ;

Saw him tyne his manly spirit,  
Healthy bloom, and sprightly ee ;  
And o' luve and hame grown wearit,  
Nightly frae his family flee :

Wha could blame her heart's complaining ?  
Wha condemn her sorrows meek ?  
Or the tears that now ilk e'ening  
Bleach'd her lately crimson'd cheek !

Will, wha lang had rued and swither'd,  
(Aye asham'd o' past disgrace)  
Mark'd the roses as they wither'd  
Fast on Jeanie's lovely face !

Mark'd,—and felt wi' inward rackin'  
A' the wyte lay wi' himsel,—  
Swore neist night he'd mak a breakin,—  
D—n'd the club and news to hell !

But, alas ! whan habit's rooted,  
Few hae pith the root to pu';  
Will's resolves were aye nonsuited,  
Promis'd aye, but aye gat fou;

Aye at first at the convening  
Moraliz'd on what was right,—  
Yet on clavers entertaining  
Doz'd and drank till brade day light.

Things at length draw near an ending,  
Cash rins out; Jean quite unhappy  
Sees that Will is now past mending,  
Tynes a' heart, and taks a—drappy!

Ilka drink deserves a posey;  
Port maks men rude, claret civil;  
Beer maks Britons stout and rosy,  
Whisky maks ilk wife—a devil.

Jean, wha lately bare affliction  
Wi' sae meek and mild an air,  
School'd by whisky, learns new tricks soon,  
Flyts, and storms, and rugs Will's hair.

Jean, sae late the tenderest mither,  
Fond o' ilk dear dauted wean !  
Now, heart harden'd a'thegither,  
Skelps them round frae morn till e'en.

Jean, wha vogie, loo'd to busk aye  
In her hame-spun, thrifty wark ;  
Now sells a' her braws for whisky  
To her last gown, coat, and sark !

Robin Burns, in mony a ditty,  
Loudly sings in whisky's praise ;  
Sweet his sang !—the mair's the pity  
E'er on it he war'd sic lays.

O' a' the ills poor Caledonia  
E'er yet pree'd, or e'er will taste,  
Brew'd in hell's black Pandemonia,  
Whisky's ill will scaith her maist !

‘ Wha was ance like Willie Gairlace ?  
Wha in neeboring town or farm ?  
Beauty's bloom shone in his fair face,  
Deadly strength was in his arm !

‘ Whan he first saw Jeanie Miller,  
Wha wi' Jeanie could compare ?  
Thousands had mair braws and siller,  
But ware ony half sae fair ?

See them now—how chang'd wi' drinking !

A' their youthfu' beauty gane !—

Daver'd, doited, daiz'd and blinking,

Worn to perfect skin and bane !

In the cauld month o' November,

(Claise, and cash, and credit out)

Cowring owre a dying ember,

Wi' ilk face as white's a clout ;

Bond and bill, and debts a' stoppit,

Ilka sheaf selt on the bent ;

Cattle, beds, and blankets roupit

Now to pay the laird his rent ;

No anither night to lodge here !

No a friend their cause to plead !

He ta'en on to be a sodger,

She wi' weans to beg her bread !

‘ O’ a’ the ills poor Caledonia

E’er yet pree’d, or e’er will taste,

Brew’d in hell’s black Pandemonia,

Whisky’s ill will scaith her maist !’

# THE WAES O' WAR:

OR,

## THE UPSHOT

O' THE

*HISTORY O' WILL AND JEAN.*

IN FOUR PARTS.

---

—Felices ter et amplius  
Quos adversa docet Sors sapientiam. BOETH.

Thrice happy pair  
Wha wit frae luckless Fortune lear!



# THE WAES O' WAR.

---

## P A R T I.

Oh! that folk wad weel consider  
What it is to tyne a—name,  
What this warld is a' thegither,  
If bereft o' honest fame !

Poortith ne'er can bring dishonour;  
Hardships ne'er breed sorrow's smart,  
If bright conscience taks upon her  
To shed sunshine round the heart:

But wi' a' that walth can borrow,  
Guilty shame will ay look down ;  
What maun then shame, want, and sorrow  
Wandering sad frae town to town !

Jeanie Miller, ance sae cheerie !  
Ance sae happy, good, and fair,  
Left by Will, neist morning drearie  
Taks the road o' black despair !

Cauld the blast !—the day was sleeting ;  
Pouch and purse without a plack !  
In ilk hand a bairnie greeting,  
And the third tied on her back.

Wan her face ! and lean and haggard !

Ance sae sonsy ! ance sae sweet !

What a change !—unhous'd and beggar'd,

Starving without claise or meat !

Far frae ilk kent spot she wander'd,

Skulking like a guilty thief ;

Here and there, uncertain, daunder'd,

Stupified wi' shame and grief :

But soon shame for bygane errors

Fled owre fast for ee to trace,

Whan grim death, wi' a' his terrors

Cam owre ilk sweet bairnie's face !

Spent wi' toil, and cauld and hunger,  
Baith down drapt ! and down Jean sat !  
' Dais'd and doited' now nae langer ;  
Thought—and felt—and bursting grat.

Gloaming, fast wi' mirky shadow  
Crap owre distant hill and plain ;  
Darken'd wood, and glen, and meadow,  
Adding fearfu' thoughts to pain !

Round and round, in wild distraction,  
Jeanie turn'd her tearfu' ee !  
Round and round for some protection !—  
Face nor house she could na see !

Dark, and darker grew the night aye ;  
Loud and sair the cauld winds thud !—  
Jean now spied a sma bit lightie  
Blinking through a distant wood :

Up wi' frantic haste she started ;  
Cauld, nor fear, she felt nae mair ;  
Hope, for ae bright moment, darted  
Through the gloom o' dark despair !

Fast owre fallow'd lea she brattled ;  
Deep she wade through bog and burn ;  
Sair wi' steep and craig she battled,  
Till she reach'd the hop'd sojourn.

Proud, 'mang scenes o' simple nature,  
Stately auld, a mansion stood  
On a bank, wha's sylvan feature  
Smil'd out-owre the roaring flood :

Simmer here, in varied beauty  
Late her flowery mantle spread,  
Whar auld chesnut, ake, and yew-tree,  
Mingling, lent their friendly shade :

Blasted now, wi' winter's ravage ;  
A' their gaudy livery cast ;  
Wood and glen, in wailings savage,  
Sugh and howl to ilka blast !

Darkness stalk'd wi' fancy's terror;—  
Mountains mov'd, and castle rock'd!  
Jean, half dead wi' toil and horror,  
Reach'd the door, and loudly knock'd.

‘ Wha this rudely wakes the sleeping?’  
Cried a voice wi’ angry grane;—  
‘ Help! oh help!’ quo’ Jeanie, weeping,  
‘ Help my infants, or they’re gane!

Nipt wi’ cauld!—wi’ hunger fainting!  
Baith lie speechless on the lea!  
Help!’ quo’ Jeanie, loud lamenting,  
‘ Help my lammies! or they’ll die!’

‘ Wha’s this travels cauld and hungry,  
Wi’ young bairns sae late at e’en ?

Beggars !’ cried the voice, mair angry,  
‘ Beggars ! wi’ their brats, I ween.’

‘ Beggars now, alas ! wha lately  
Help’t the beggar and the poor !’  
‘ Fye ! gudeman !’ cried ane discreetly,  
‘ Taunt nae poortith at our door.

Sic a night, and tale thegither,  
Plead for mair than anger’s din :—  
Rise, Jock !’ cried the pitying mither,  
‘ Rise ! and let the wretched in.’

‘ Beggars now, alas ! wha lately  
Help't the beggar and the poor !’

‘ Enter !’ quo' the youth fu' sweetly,  
While up flew the open door.

‘ Beggar, or what else, sad mourner !

Enter without fear or dread ;  
Here, thank God ! there's aye a corner  
To defend the houseless head !

For your bairnies cease repining ;

If in life, ye'll see them soon.’—

Aff he flew ; and brightly shining  
Through the dark clouds brak the moon.

## P A R T . II.

HERE, for ae night's kind protection,  
Leave we Jean and weans a while ;  
Tracing Will in ilk direction,  
Far frae Britain's fostering isle !

Far frae scenes o' saftening pleasure,  
Love's delights and beauty's charms !  
Far frae friendship's social leisure,—  
Plung'd in murdering WAR's alarms !

Is it nature, vice, or folly,  
Or ambition's feverish brain,  
That sae aft wi' melancholy  
Turns, sweet Peace ! thy joys to pain ?

Strips thee o' thy robes o' ermin,  
(Emblems o' thy spotless life)  
And in war's grim look alarmin  
Arms thee wi' the murd'rer's knife !

A' thy gentle mind upharrows !  
Hate, revenge, and rage uprears !  
And for hope and joy—twin marrows,  
Leaves the mourner drown'd in tears !

Willie Gairlace, without siller,  
Credit, claise, or ought beside,  
Leaves his ance loo'd Jeanie Miller,  
And sweet bairns to warld wide !

Leaves his native cozy dwellin,  
Shelter'd haughs, and birken braes ;  
Greensward hows, and dainty mealin,  
Ance his profit, pride and praise !

Deckt wi' scarlet, sword, and musket,  
Drunk wi' dreams as fause as vain ;  
Fleetch'd and flatter'd, roos'd and buskit,  
Wow ! but Will was wond'rous fain !

Rattling, roaring, swearing, drinking ;  
How could thought her station keep ?  
Drams and drumming (faes to thinking)  
Doz'd reflection fast asleep.

But whan midst o' toils and dangers,  
Wi' the cauld ground for his bed,  
Compass'd round wi' faes and strangers,  
Soon Will's dreams o' fancy fled.

Led to battle's blood-dy'd banners,  
Waving to the widow's moan !  
Will saw glory's boasted honours  
End in life's expiring groan !

Round Valenciennes' strong waa'd city,  
Thick owre Dunkirk's fatal plain,  
Will (tho' dauntless) saw wi' pity  
Britain's valiant sons lie slain !

Fir'd by freedom's burning fever,  
Gallia strack death's slaughtering knell ;  
Frae the Scheld to Rhine's deep river,  
Britons fought—but Britons fell !

Fell unaided ! though cemented  
By the faith o' friendship's laws ;—  
Fell un pity'd—unlamented !  
Bluiding in a thankless cause \* !

\* Alluding to the conduct of the Dutch.

In the thrang o' comrades deeing,  
Fighting foremost o' them a';  
Swith! fate's winged ball cam fleeing,  
And took Willie's leg awa:—

Thrice frae aff the ground he started,  
Thrice, to stand, he strave in vain;  
Thrice, as fainting strength departed,  
Sigh'd—and sank 'mang heaps o' slain.—

On a cart wi' comrades bluiding,  
Stiff wi' gore, and cauld as clay;  
Without cover, bed or bedding,  
Five lang nights Will Gairlace lay!

In a sick-house, damp and narrow,

(Left behint wi' hundreds mair)

See Will neist, in pain and sorrow,

Wasting on a bed o' care.

Wounds, and pain, and burning fever,

Doctors cur'd wi' healing art;—

Cur'd ! alas !—but never ! never !

Cool'd the fever at his heart !

For whan a' ware sound and sleeping,

Still and on, baith ear' and late,

Will in briny grief lay steeping,

Mourning owre his hapless fate !

A' his gowden prospects vanish'd!—

A' his dreams o' warlike fame!—

A' his glittering phantoms banish'd!

Will could think o' nought but—hame!

Think o' nought but rural quiet,

Rural labour! rural ploys!

Far frae carnage, bluid, and riot,

War, and a' its murd'ring joys.

## P A R T III.

BACK to Britain's fertile garden

Will's return'd, (exchang'd for faes),

Wi' ae leg, and no ae farden,

Friend, or credit, meat, or claise.

Lang through county, brugh, and city,

Crippling on a wooden leg,

Gathering alms frae melting pity;

See ! poor Gairlace forc'd to beg !—

Plac'd at length on Chelsea's bounty,  
Now to langer beg thinks shame,  
Dreams ance mair o' smiling plenty;—  
Dreams o' former joys, and hame !

Hame ! and a' its fond attractions  
Fast to Will's warm bosom flee ;  
While the thoughts o' dear connexions  
Swell his heart, and blind his ee.—

‘ Monster ! wha could leave neglected  
Three sma' infants and a wife,  
Naked—starving—unprotected !—  
Them, too, dearer ance than life !

Villain ! wha wi' graceless folly  
Ruin'd her he ought to save !—  
Chang'd her joys to melancholy,  
Beggary, and,—perhaps, a grave !

Starting !—wi' remorse distracted,—  
Crush'd wi' grief's increasing load,  
Up he bang'd ; and sair afflicted,  
Sad and silent took the road !

Sometimes briskly, sometimes flaggin,  
Sometimes helpit, Will gat forth ;  
On a cart, or in a waggon,  
Hirpling ay towards the north.

Tir'd ae e'enig, stepping hooly,  
Pondering on his thraward fate,  
In the bonny month o' July,  
Willie, heedless, tint his gate.

Saft, the southlan breeze was blawing,  
Sweetly sugh'd the green ake wood !

Loud the din o' streams fast fa'ing,  
Strak the ear wi' thundering thud ;

Ewes and lambs on braes ran bleeting ;  
Linties sang on ilka tree ;  
Frae the wast, the sun, near setting,  
Flam'd on Roslin's towers \* sae hie !

\* Roslin castle.

Roslin's towers ! and braes sae bonny !  
Craigs and water, woods and glen !  
Roslin's banks ! unpeer'd by ony  
Save the muses' Hawthornden \* !

Ilka sound and charm delighting ;  
Will (tho' hardly fit to gang)  
Wander'd on through scenes inviting,  
List'ning to the mavis' sang.

Faint at length, the day fast closing,  
On a fragrant straeberry steep,  
Esk's sweet stream to rest composing,  
Wearied nature drapt asleep.

\* The ancientfeat of the celebrated poet William Drummond, who flourished in 1585.

‘ Soldier, rise !—the dews o’ e’ning  
Gathering fa’, wi’ deadly scaith !—  
Wounded soldier ! if complaining,  
Sleep nae here and catch your death.

Traveller, waken !—night advancing  
Cleads wi’ grey the neeboring hill !—  
Lambs nae mair on knows are dancing—  
A’ the woods are mute and still !’

‘ What hae I,’ cried Willie, waking,  
‘ What hae I frae night to dree’?—  
Morn, through clouds in splendor breaking,  
Lights nae bright’ning hope to me !

House, nor hame, nor farm, nor stedding !

Wife nor bairns hae I to see !

House, nor hame ! nor bed, nor bedding—

What hae I frae night to dree' ?

‘ Sair, alas ! and sad and many

Are the ills poor mortals share !—

Yet, tho' hame nor bed ye hae nae,

Yield nae, soldier, to despair !

What's this life, sae wae and wearie,

If Hope's bright'ning beams should fail !—

See !—tho' night comes dark and eerie,

Yon sma' cot-light cheers the dale !

There, tho' walth and waste ne'er riot,  
Humbler joys their comforts shed,  
Labour—health—content and quiet!  
Mourner! there ye'll find a bed.

Wife! 'tis true, wi' bairnies smiling,  
There, alas! ye needna seek—  
Yet there bairns, ilk wae beguiling,  
Paint wi' smiles a mither's cheek!

A' her earthly pride and pleasure  
Left to cheer her widow'd lot!  
A' her warldly walth and treasure  
To adorn her lanely cot!

Cheer, then, soldier! 'midst affliction  
Bright'ning joys will often shine;  
Virtue aye claims Heaven's protection—  
Trust to Providence divine!"



WAES O' WAR

Page 59



Stothard del.

Fluter sculp.

*O're green hill and flowrie hollow,  
Till he reachit the cot tweese doo're.*

*Published as the Act directs by Longman & Rees, 1<sup>st</sup>. June 1807.*

## P A R T IV.

SWEET as Rosebank's \* woods and river  
Cool whan simmer's sunbeams dart,  
Cam ilk word, and cool'd the fever  
That lang brunt at Willie's heart.

Silent stept he on, poor fallow!  
Listening to his guide before,  
Owre green know, and flowery hallow,  
Till they reach'd the cot-house door.

\* Rosebank near Roslin; the author's place of nativity.

Laigh it was; yet sweet, tho' humble!

Deckt wi' hinnysuckle round;

Clear below, Esk's waters rumble,

Deep glens murmuring back the sound.

Melville's towers \*, sae white and stately,

Dim by gloamin glint to view;

Through Lasswade's dark woods keek sweetly

Skies sae red, and lift sae blue!

Entering now, in transport mingle

Mither fond, and happy wean,

Smiling round a canty ingle,

Bleising on a clean hearth-stane.

\* Melville Castle, the seat of the Right Honourable  
Henry Dundas.

‘ Soldier, welcome!—come, be cheery!—

Here ye’se rest, and tak your bed—

Faint,—waes me! ye seem, and weary,

Pale’s your cheek, sae lately red !’

‘ Chang’d I am,’ sigh’d Willie till her;

‘ Chang’d, nae doubt, as chang’d can be !

Yet, alas! does Jeanie Miller

Nought o’ Willie Gairlace see !’

Hae ye markt the dews o’ morning

Glittering in the sunny ray,

Quickly fa’, when without warning

Rough blasts cam, and shook the spray?

Hae ye seen the bird fast fleeing  
Drap, whan pierc'd by death mair fleet?  
Then, see Jean, wi' colour dieing  
Senseless drap at Willie's feet!

After three lang years affliction  
(A' their waes now hush'd to rest,)  
Jean ance mair, in fond affection,  
Clasps her Willie to her breast.

Tells him a' her sad—sad sufferings!  
How she wander'd, starving poor,  
Gleaning pity's scanty offerings  
Wi' three bairns frae door to door!

How she serv'd—and toil'd—and fever'd,

Lost her health, and syne her bread;

How that grief, whan scarce recover'd,

Took her brain, and turn'd her head!

How she wander'd round the county

Mony a live-lang night her lane!

Till at last an angel's bounty

Brought her senses back again:

Gae her meat,—and claise,—and siller;

Gae her bairnies wark and lear;

Lastly, gae this cot-house till her,

Wi' four sterling pounds a year!

Willie, harkening, wip'd his ein aye;

‘ Oh! what sins hae I to rue!

But say, wha's this angel, Jeanie?’

‘ Wha,’ quo’ Jeanie, ‘ but—Buckleugh \* !

Here, supported, cheer'd, and cherish'd,

Nine blest months, I've liv'd, and mair;

Seen these infants clad and nourish'd;

Dried my tears; and tint despair;

Sometimes serving, sometimes spinning,

Light the lanesome hours gae round;

Lightly, too, ilk quarter rinning

Brings yon angel's helping pound !

\* The Duchess of Buccleugh, the unwearied patroness and supporter of the afflicted and the poor.

‘ Eight pounds mair,’ cried Willie, fondly,  
‘ Eight pounds mair will do nae harm !  
And, O Jean ! gin friends ware kindly,  
Eight pounds soon might stock a farm.

There, ance mair, to thrive by plewin,  
Freed frae a’ that peace destroys,  
Idle waste and drukken ruin !  
War and a’ its murdering joys !’

Thrice he kiss’d his lang lost treasure !  
Thrice ilk bairn ; but cou’dna speak :  
Tears o’ luve, and hope, and pleasure  
Stream’d in silence down his cheek !

TO

## E L I Z A

### ON HER MARRIAGE.

YOU'RE now, Eliza, fix'd for life;  
In other words, you're now—a wife;  
And let me whisper in your ear,  
A wife, though fix'd, has cause to fear;  
For much she risks, and much she loses  
If an improper road she chooses.  
Yet think not that I mean to fright you,  
My plan, *au contraire's* to delight you;  
To draw the lines where comfort reaches;  
Where folly flies; where prudence teaches.

In short, Eliza, to prevent you  
From nameless ills that may torment you:  
And ere bright Hymen's torch burns faintly,  
From nuptial glare conduct you gently,  
Where (cur'd of wounds from Cupid's quiver)  
A milder lustre beams for ever!

First, then, Eliza, change your carriage,  
Courtship's a different thing from marriage;  
And much I fear (by passion blinded)  
This change at first is seldom minded.  
The miss who feasts on rich romances,  
And love-sick sonnets, wisely fancies  
That all the end of ardent wooing  
Is constant billing, constant cooing.

The nymph again, whom caution teaches  
To doubt the truth of rapt'rous speeches,  
She whom experience oft has school'd,  
And shewn how husbands may be—rul'd,  
Laughs at the whims of fond sixteen,  
And thinks that wedlock stamps—a queen.  
Now I (though ne'er, alas! contracted)  
Consider both as half distracted;  
And will predict that endless strife  
Must be the lot of either wife.  
Not that I would infer from hence  
That men of feeling, worth, or sense,  
Could ever try to wound or pain  
A tender breast with cold disdain;  
Or e'er descend to storm and battle  
At fondly-foolish female prattle.

Yet if sweet madam, without reason,  
Will fret and fume, and mutter treason,  
Plaguing her plain, unpuffing spouse,  
About his former oaths and vows,  
And tender sighs, and soft expressions,  
With various comments and digressions,  
I will not swear that mere connexion  
Will guard the husband's warm affection ;  
And when affection cools, they say  
The husband's apt to—go astray.

Maids, prais'd and flatter'd all their lives,  
Expect as much when they are wives ;  
And think when husbands cease palav'ring,  
That love (sweet souls !) is surely wav'ring :

Then hey! for pets, and cold distrust,  
Doubt's sullen brow, and dreams accurst:—  
The game goes on, ma'am's in the dumps,  
And jealousy at last is trumps.  
For thee, fair flower! of softest dye,  
That caught so late each vagrant eye,  
Still breathing sweets, still blooming gay,  
Beauteous in winter as in May:  
For thee this truth the muse has penn'd.  
The muse—but more thy anxious friend:  
‘Woman's bright charms were given to lure us,  
They catch, 'tis true; but can't secure us.’

Sage Solomon, who paints with beauty  
A virtuous woman's worth and duty,

Compares her to a ship of trade,  
That brings from far her daily bread\*.  
This may be true; but as for me,  
I'll draw a plainer simile,  
And call a virtuous wife a gem,  
Which for its worth we ne'er contemn,  
Though soon its water, size, and hue,  
Grow quite familiar to the view.  
What then ensues? Why, faith, I'll tell ye;  
We think of nothing but—the value.  
Yet take this gem and lay it by  
From the possessor's careless eye,  
Conceal its lustre, dazzling bright,  
From beaming daily on his sight,

\* She is like the merchant ships, she bringeth her  
food from afar. Prov. xxxi. v. 14.

I'll take you any bet at pleasure,  
Whene'er he views this tempting treasure,  
With eager bliss and sparkling eyes  
He'll mark each new-born charm arise,  
And with the joy of first possession,  
Admire and rave, sans intermission !

If women, therefore, would be wise,  
Instead of murmurs, tears, and sighs,  
And sullen moods, and scolding frays,  
When lovie's absent for some days,  
Let ev'ry female art conspire  
To drive him from the parlour fire.  
Of all the plagues in wedded life,  
To tease or to torment a wife,

There's none more likely to increase  
The bane of matrimonial peace,  
Than the tame husband always by  
With prying and suspicious eye.  
Mark then, when \*\*\*\* goes to town,  
Smile thou, when other wives would frown;  
He only goes (nay, don't be angry)  
To take a walk to make him hungry;  
To taste awhile, unknown to care,  
A change of exercise and air;  
Observe the pert, the bold, the witty—  
How diff'rent from his own sweet Betty!  
Return impatient to his home,  
No husband, but a fond bridegroom.

Lastly, Eliza, let me say  
That wives should rather yield than sway;  
To thwart a husband's fixt opinion  
Is not the way to gain dominion,  
For kisses order, tears reprove\*,  
And teach us rev'rence, fear, and love!—  
O! born to soothe and guide the heart  
With native softness, void of art!  
Thou, whom nor pride nor fashion sways,  
Unchang'd by flatt'ry's giddy praise;  
And thou, to whom a trem'lous youth  
First spoke the tale of love and truth,  
Blending with passion's fond alarms  
The bright'ning beam of virtue's charms—

\* Leurs ordres sont des caresses, leurs menaces sont  
des pleurs. ROUSSAU.

Ah! lend not now a careless ear!—  
Yet, yet attend to truth sincere!  
These lines at least with smiles receive,  
The last, perhaps, thy bard shall give.

While pleasure spreads her gawdy train,  
To lure the trifling and the vain;  
While fashion kills the tedious day  
With shopping, concert, cards, and play;  
While female love and youth's fair charms  
Shrink from pure passion's ardent arms,  
And cling to splendour's fancied bliss,  
With withering age and wretchedness,  
Be thine, Eliza, more refin'd,  
The pleasures of the virtuous mind!

Be thine the transports of the heart  
Which love and goodness still impart;  
The tender glance, the tranquil smile,  
A husband's sorrows to beguile;  
The blush of joy divinely meek,  
That paints a mother's glowing cheek;  
The balm that friendship still bestows;  
The tear that drops for human woes!—  
These, these, Eliza! light the way,  
And cheer when other charms decay;  
Conduct through care and worldly gloom,  
And whisper joys—beyond the tomb.

# DONALD AND FLORA,

## A BALLAD,

ON THE DEATH OF A FRIEND KILLED AT THE  
BATTLE OF SARATOGA. 1778.

WHEN many hearts were gay,  
Careless of aught but play,  
Poor Flora slipt away  
Sadd'ning to Mora \*.  
Loose flow'd her *yellow* hair,  
Quick heav'd her bosom bare,  
As thus to the troubled air  
She vented her sorrow:

\* A retreat so named by the lovers.

Loud howls the stormy west,  
Cold, cold is winter's blast:—  
Haste then, O Donald, haste!  
Haste to thy Flora!

Twice twelve long months are o'er  
Since on a foreign shore  
You promis'd to fight no more,  
But meet me in Mora.

‘Where now is Donald dear?’  
Maids cry with taunting sneer;  
‘Say, is he still sincere  
To his lov'd Flora?’  
Parents upbraid my moan;  
Each heart is turn'd to stone;—  
Ah Flora! thou'rt now alone,  
Friendless in Mora!

Come then, O come away!  
Donald, no longer stay!—  
Where can my rover stray  
From his lov'd Flora?  
Ah, sure he ne'er could be  
False to his vows and me!—  
Oh heav'ns! is not yonder he  
Bounding o'er Mora!

‘Never, O wretched fair,  
Sigh'd the sad messenger,  
‘Never shall Donald mair  
Meet his lov'd Flora!  
Cold as yon mountain snow  
Donald thy love lies low!  
He sent me to soothe thy woe,  
Weeping in Mora.

Well fought our valiant slain  
On Saratoga's plain;  
Thrice fled the hostile train  
From British glory.

But ah! though our foes did flee,  
Sad was each victory.  
Youth, love, and loyalty,  
Fell far from Mora!

‘Here, take this love-wrought plaid,’  
Donald expiring said,  
‘Give it to yon dear maid  
Drooping in Mora.  
Tell her, O Allan, tell!  
Donald thus bravely fell,  
And that in his last farewell  
He thought on his Flora.’

Mute stood the trembling fair,  
Speechless with wild despair,  
Then striking her bosom bare,  
    Sigh'd out ' poor Flora !'  
Ah Donald !—ah well-a-day !  
Was all the fond heart could say.  
At length the sound died away  
    Feebly on Mora.

## A N E L E G Y

On the sudden death of a beautiful young boy in Jamaica,  
attended by the singular occurrence of a nightingale  
perching on the tree under which he was interred, and  
singing sweetly during the funeral service.

WRITTEN IN JAMAICA IN 1788.

RELENTLESS Death!—ah! why so soon  
Cut down the flow'ret fair to view!  
Pale gleam'd the light of yonder moon,  
When pest'lence shed her deadly dew\*!

\* He died of a putrid sore throat, occasioned by unwholesome night damps.

The morn arose serene and clear,  
The sun refulgent glow'd at noon;  
But nought the drooping flower could cheer.—  
Ah! wherefore droop'd the flower so soon!

By yonder tree (his fav'rite shade,  
Where late he joy'd with sports and play)  
They dig his grave; there, lowly laid  
Sleeps CAMPBELL's silent senseless clay!

Ah! what avails the tear and sigh;  
That close, lov'd boy! thy funeral gloom!  
The doleful dirge, and frantic cry  
Of Afric's mourners round thy tomb\*!

\* In Jamaica it is customary on the death of a white person, for all the domestic negroes to attend the funeral.

Ah ! what avails !—But cease the strain ;  
Ye weeping parents, dry the tear.  
See ! Philomela joins the train,  
And chants a requiem o'er his bier.

Sweetly she warbles, perch'd on high,  
Far from her mate and haunts of even ;  
She comes, an herald from the sky,  
To greet the cherub soul to heaven !

If the deceased has been a particular favourite, it is usual for the female slaves to raise after the interment, a funeral song or dirge over the grave. This consists of loud and dismal lamentations, chiefly expressive of the good qualities of the deceased; such as, 'O my good massa!' 'O my dear massa!' accompanied with clapping of hands, and violent gesticulations of sorrow.

Yet here should pensive pilgrim stray

At soft'ning eve, or fervent noon,

Here may he heave the sigh and say,

‘ Ah, wherefore droop'd the flow'r so soon ! ’

TO

## A YOUNG LADY,

WITH A BOTTLE OF IRISH USQUEBAUGH.

Sine Cerere et Baccho friget Venus.

IN spite of all that poets tell us  
(For poets are but lying fellows)  
Of Cupid's flames, and Cupid's darts,  
And all his soft bewitching arts,  
That teach the stubborn heart to move,  
And tune the rudest speech to love,  
I cannot say I recollect  
One single instance, proof, or fact,

Where freedom, wit, or common sense,  
E'er flow'd from true love eloquence.  
For me (should love-sick qualms attack us),  
I've much more faith in honest Bacchus,  
And can't help thinking master Cupid  
Oft makes us mad; but oftener stupid:  
At least, if one may judge from action,  
And looks that border on distraction,  
The man who really feels love's passion,  
Acts, speaks, and reasons—out of fashion.  
‘This may be true,’ I hear you cry,  
‘Yet bards, you say, can sometimes lie;  
And since you choose the present time  
To vent 'gainst love your spleen, in rhyme,  
Produce your proofs, or cease to rail.’—  
With all my heart!—I'll tell a tale.

When sprightly Daphne went a maying,  
And all the loves and graces playing  
Around her beauteous face were seen  
To deck the bloom of fair nineteen,  
Young Strephon met her on the green.  
Struck with her charms—to speak afraid,  
By love entrall'd, by love dismay'd—  
The senseless Strephon (keep from laughter!)  
Had not the power to follow after;  
But gaz'd, and gap'd, with transports swelling,  
Nor ask'd her name, nor mark'd her dwelling.  
Six months, six torturing months and more,  
Did Strephon loud his loss deplore;  
And often rang'd the fields in vain  
To find the lovely maid again;

And often curs'd his fluttering folly,  
And often groan'd with melancholy;  
When Love and Fun one night agree,  
The youthful pair should meet at—tea.

Soon as our rapt'rous swain had ventur'd  
The parlour door to ope, and enter'd,  
And saw his Daphne's dazzling charms,  
He lost the power of legs and arms.  
His foot that whilom us'd to glide  
Along the floor with graceful slide,  
Now rudely strikes his tumbling cane,  
Which, trying to obtain again,  
His luckless skull salutes a chair,  
And fearful stands his injur'd hair!—

Behold now Strephon in his place,  
With 'blushing honours' on his face:  
The tea's to hand;—he cannot fail  
To tread on harmless Tabby's tail:  
To ease her pain, puss squalls and kicks,  
And in his leg her talons sticks;  
And tears the hose, and eke the skin,  
Till streams run down poor Strephon's shin:  
Stung with the smart, I do assure ye  
He roar'd and caper'd like a fury;  
And in his gambols (dire mishap!)  
Dropt cup and tea in Daphne's lap.

You loath the sot with liquor muddy,  
Eyes all inflam'd, and face all ruddy;

Yet never once conclude with me  
That Strephon was as drunk as he;  
The man who speaks things out of season,  
Or acts as if bereft of reason,  
I must consider just as bad  
**As** he who's drunk, or he who's mad.

‘ Pray, sir, a truce with moralizing,  
And answer this without disguising:  
Did Strephon e'er his flame discover?’  
No—never while a downright lover.  
In vain each night he frames with art  
Some speech to melt his Daphne's heart;  
Whene'er he tries to ope his lips,  
Away! each soft idea skips,  
And leaves him nought but hems and hahs,  
And stamm'rings to fill up each pause;

And blushes, groans, and palpitation—

(A pretty kind of conversation!)

‘What then! did Strephon never win her?’

Never, till one blest day at dinner.

‘At dinner say you!—how—when—where?’—

How keenly curious women are!

I would be brief—I hate great talkers—

You’re so particular!—well!—at Walker’s\*.

One morning, Strephon’s ask’d to dine,

To meet at four, to part at nine:

The party choice!—for reasons shown him

He went, and drank his magnum bonum †.

Behold him now, a jovial boy!

No fluttering fears!—no trembling joy;

\* A noted tavern in Edinburgh.

† A bottle of claret containing two English quarts.

And, all his groans and blushes over,  
Mark how he breathes the ardent lover.

Struck with amaze, sweet Daphne hears  
New accents reach her ravish'd ears:  
' And, fairest of thy sex!' he cries  
(While passion sparkles in his eyes),  
' O source of ev'ry chaste delight!  
My thought by day; my dream by night;  
My ev'ry hope; my ev'ry care;  
My joy; my comfort; my—despair:  
Ah! wherefore should I still conceal  
' What all can feign, but few can feel \* !'  
Since first these heav'nly charms were seen  
By luckless Strephon on the green;

\* Cartwright.

Since first with smiles and spirits gay  
You hail'd the merry morn of May,  
What fluttering hopes have fir'd my brain !  
What fears of torture, doubts of pain !  
What pangs, what sorrows, ne'er to find  
By speech, or look, my Daphne kind,  
But cold and senseless to my anguish,  
Still left a wretch to droop and languish !—  
‘ My God ! ’ the wond’ring fair replies  
(While tears of rapture fill her eyes),  
‘ How ! how could Daphne ever know  
Her Strephon’s love; her Strephon’s woe !  
Till this soft tale, so sweetly sung !  
I never heard your tuneful tongue;  
Till this fond hour, I never found  
These eyes but downcast on the ground ;—

You still were silent, absent, cool :—

I took you, Strephon, for—a fool.'

Now, Mira, that my tale is ended,

I hope I've prov'd what I intended,

To wit, that without gen'rous wine

A youth may sigh, and groan, and whine,

But never talk in strains divine.

For what is love, or what is beauty,

If lovers cannot do their duty?

Or what are flames, or inclination,

Without the fire of inspiration?—

All, all must end in strange confusion,

Without the gift of elocution.

For me, who never had much brass,

I find vast courage in a glass;

And now that blushing's out of fashion,  
Or drink I must, or breathe no passion.  
And sure, if strains like mine have charm'd one  
When half-seas o'er, there's no great harm done.  
And though last night, when first we met,  
You frown'd, and fretted in a pet,  
Withdrew your hand, with face averted,  
And thrice for me your chair deserted,  
Yet, warm'd by wine, I well remember,  
Unchill'd by looks, cold as December,  
I prattled wit from jovial quaffing,  
Till, quite o'ercome, at length, with laughing,  
You pardon smil'd; and, gen'rous hearted,  
Gave me your hand before we parted;  
Nay, once delighted, almost swore  
I ne'er talk'd half so well before.

Charm'd with the good effects of wine,  
I next day hurried to Gavine \*,  
And straightway bought (*ne merveille pas!*)  
A bottle of his Usquebaugh.  
Which now I send you, with this rule,  
That when I trifle like a fool,  
Or silent grow, or lose my temper,  
For God's sake! fill me up a bumper!  
Till head, and heart, and tongue improve,  
And make me say whate'er you love!

O could its virtues but inspire  
This breast with true poetic fire,  
To sing, in numbers strong and clear,  
Thy friendship, ardent, and sincere,

\* A famous distiller of liqueurs near Edinburgh.

Thy humour, sprightly, social, free,

Thy temper's blest serenity!

O! could its virtues but impart

The language of thy feeling heart,

To paint in accents sweetly mild

The duties of a tender child;

And every art and virtue rare

That sooths an aged father's care;

In faith! dear Mira, to be plain,

(Though much I dread your cold disdain)

In spite of all you'd think or say,

I'd drink till tipsy every day.

# THE WHIP,

OR,

## A TOUCH AT THE TIMES.

SENT TO MISS D. OF LINSTED, WITH A WHIP MADE OF  
A RHINOCEROS'S SKIN. 1784.

Quæ fuerant vitia mores sunt. SENECA.

ERE modest virtue lost her way  
Among the profligate and gay,  
Few modes were used for travel ;  
Unknown to whip, or spur, or boot,  
Each hardy Briton trudg'd on foot,  
Through mud, bog, dust, and gravel.

'Twas then the fair, as story tells,  
(Ah! how unlike our modern belles!)

Knew neither coach nor saddle;  
No female Phaetonians then  
Surpass'd the boldest of our men  
In gesture, look, and straddle.

But form'd by nature's artless hand,  
Blushes, 'tis said, at her command  
Oft stole o'er beauty's features :  
No wife then scorn'd domestic sweets ;  
No daughter Jehu ! scour'd the streets ;  
Good lad ! what simple creatures !

Emerg'd at length from gothic rules,  
Our fair ones, train'd in happier schools,  
For blushes, now give fashion;  
Each modest virtue thrown aside,  
Behold ! like men, erect, astride !  
They drive!—they whip!—they dash on !

O ! may the glorious day arrive,  
When each bold lass her nag shall drive  
O'er hedges, gates, and ditches !  
Despise the housewife's hateful lot,  
And change the useless petticoat  
For boots and buckskin breeches !

Yet heterogeneous as they are,  
Half man—half woman—half centaur,  
Some grave folks dread infection :  
See ! virtue trembling flies the land !  
Alas ! 'gainst furious four in hand  
No *common* whip's protection !

Struck with the thought, I reason'd long,—  
'Eliza, poor thing's far from strong,  
And yet she loves a canter;  
—Some fierce virago, high in blood  
May lay her sprawling in the mud,  
Or in a hedge-row plant her !

What then remains the weak to shield?

Must freedom thus her charter yield?—

Has beauty no defender?

—Alas! no bosom swells with rage!—

There's nought in this bold dashing age,

But flogging to befriend her!

Since lashing's then the ton, the tip,

And vict'ry now turns on the Whip,

The toughest whip should win;

And as we know in each hard bout,

The 'toughest hide holds longest out,'

I'll find—a whip of skin.'

Pleas'd with the fancy, swift I sped,  
Mad with the project in my head,  
I ranged half India o'er;  
But hides well beat, are seldom tough:  
At last a bit of precious stuff  
I found on Afric's shore.

There, by his streams and tangling groves,  
The huge Rhinoceros careless roves,  
Though growls each savage nigh :  
Undaunted, arm'd with horn and hide,  
To ball and dart he turns his side,  
Unheeded as they fly.

But what's the arm'd, the bold, the strong?

(Again we moralize our song,)

If treachery aims the blow?

Ev'n Samson fell by female wit,

And see! in subtle treachery's pit

The mighty beast lies low.

Thus fall'n by cunning's sneaking plot,

With joy they strip his horny coat;

('Twas wond'rous to behold!)

‘By heavens!’ I cried, ‘at length I've found

A skin that's proof 'gainst mortal wound!

‘Tis worth its weight in gold!’

Torn from the side it lately grac'd,  
 A slice I cut with eager haste ;  
 A tough, tenacious slip !  
 And hurrying home to British land,  
 Gave it to Kelly in the Strand \*,  
 Who form'd it to a whip.

Thus arm'd, with virtue on your side,  
 Unconquer'd reign, undaunted ride,  
 Nor fear e'en Lade † or Archer †.  
 Some dame indeed may whoop and crack,  
 But let Rhinoceros touch her back,  
 It will both blue and starch her.

\* Whip-maker to the Prince of Wales.

† Sir John Lade and Lady Archer, two of the most celebrated phaeton drivers in England.

O, could its virtues but repair  
The lungs of thy half-winded mare,  
How great would be thy glory!  
From Linsted town thy fame would trot  
E'en to the house of Johnny Grot,  
In many a marv'lous story.

Then should we hear in clam'rous boast,  
How one young fair one rul'd the roast,  
As Pitt now rules the nation;  
Made female jockies bounce and skip,  
And by the pow'r of one fam'd Whip,  
Flogg'd vice from freedom's station!

But since, alas! no cure we know,  
Since Phill \* must puff, or you move slow,  
Mark well a friend's direction.  
Hold fast the reins of female pride,  
Whip ev'ry coxcomb from your side,  
To listen is—infestation.

Yet should the man, of worth possest,  
Fair candour glowing at his breast,  
Confess thy pow'r of charms;  
List to his tale, be frank, be kind  
Unfashion'd blush to love refin'd,  
And whip—into his arms !

\* Eliza's mare.

TO

MISS JEAN

AND

MISS ISABELLA M\*\*\*\*,

WITH TWO BOTTLES OF THE OTTA  
OF ROSES.

Tost rudely round this whirling sphere,  
Estrang'd from all he valued dear;  
Shut out from beauty's bright'ning ray;  
The social night, the tranquil day;  
Involv'd in tumult's wild uproar,  
And dropt on India's burning shore;  
Behold a woe-worn wand'rer roam,  
Far from his friends and native home!

‘ Thus ‘scap’d from storm and battle’s rage,\*  
 Shall I,’ he cried, ‘ new ills engage !  
 Shall I, by care and fortune crost,  
 Droop sorrowing on a foreign coast;  
 And whelm’d at last in hopeless gloom,  
 Sink unlamented to the tomb !’

‘ Perish the thought !’ a seraph cries,  
 (A seraph wafted from the skies †.)  
 ‘ Perish the thought ! a softer ray  
 Yet comes to guide thy wilder’d way.

\* Alluding to the last naval engagement between Sir Edward Hughes and M. Suffrein in the East Indies, during which the author was on board his majesty’s ship the Gibraltar.

† See the author’s address to the Scottish muse.

What though rude mirth and tempests roar,  
And fortune frowning locks her store;  
What though no converse reigns refin'd,  
And lov'd Miranda's left behind;  
A brighter morn will yet appear,  
To chace the gloom and gild the year;  
A milder dawn o'erspread the grove,  
A warmer theme attune to love;  
When freedom's sun bright o'er the main  
Illumes fair **ALBION**'s cliffs again;  
And glittering high on mountain hoar  
Proclaims afar lov'd **SCOTIA**'s shore;  
Where friendship waits in smiles array'd,  
To bind the wound that fate has made;

And sympathy, with melting eye,  
To catch the tale and heave the sigh;  
And mild oblivion, kind to cast  
A dark'ning shade on suff'rings past.

Meanwhile,' she said, ' this gift receive,  
And henceforth, wand'rer, cease to grieve;  
For know, in this a virtue rare,  
(A passport likewise to the fair.)  
Can cheer dejection's languid gloom,  
And rich, to beauty yield perfume!  
Guard then this treasure, and when fate  
Conducts thee safe, or soon or late,  
Where Fortha's wanderings gently glide  
Through fields that wave their cultur'd pride,  
There, while again thou wander'st o'er  
Each dear lov'd spot, oft trod before;

Or from Strevlina's height serene  
Survey'st around the pictur'd scene,  
Or view'st sublime her castled towers  
From A——'s sheltering bowers,  
Where social mirth wan care beguiles,  
'Midst female virtues, female smiles ;  
While hope's fond joys past sorrows heal,  
Let breasts like thine fresh ardour feel,  
To mark each virtue as it springs,  
And as the muse impulsion'd sings,  
On maids of worth this gift bestow,  
A \*\*\*\*\*; a \*\*\*\*\*; a M\*\*\*\*.'

Charm'd with the tale, with sighs I prest  
The welcome treasure to my breast ;

Here dwell, I cried, till fate once more  
Conducts me safe to Scotia's shore !  
Till free from tumult's madd'ning strife,  
Once more I taste a poet's life ;  
And female smiles to soothe and cheer,  
And love to cheat the lingering year :  
Here rest, I cried, till heav'n bestows  
Your \*\*\*\*\*'s, your \*\*\*\*\*'s, your M\*\*\*\*'s !

The seraph smil'd, and instant flew !  
The canvass spread, Eolus blew !  
From India's shores and burning skies,  
O'er waves the Gibraltar flies.  
Blow, blow, ye breezes ! oft I said,  
While seas the ling'ring voyage delay'd ;

Blow, blow, ye breezes! oft I cried,  
While sleep her balmy rest denied:  
Yet midst my watchings, cares, and rest,  
Still clasp'd the treasure to my breast!

Reliev'd from cares that lately spread  
A tempest round a wand'r'r's head,  
Arriv'd at length, where tumults cease,  
And all within is hope and peace,  
The warning seraph whispers low,  
‘Remember Worth, and each M\*\*\*\*!’  
Go! partner of my throbbing heart!  
To gentler breasts thy balm impart!  
Go!—to yon social bow'rs repair,  
Far softer forms thy sweets shall share!

Go! and while odours from thee break  
Round Jane or Bella's snowy neck,  
Tell them from me, no sweets refin'd  
Can match the tender female mind ;  
Nor Persia's rose \*, that blooms so fair,  
With Virtue's charms can e'er compare ;  
No! nor rich Ceylon's spicy gales,  
Nor fam'd Arabia's scented vales,  
A balm so grateful can diffuse,  
To wake and animate the muse,  
As that which shook from Friendship's wing,  
Attunes the lyre's according string,  
And prompts e'en bards like me to sing !

\* The otta is made from the roses of Persia.

# THE HARP,

*A LEGENDARY TALE.*

IN TWO PARTS.

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Smeirg a loisgeadh a thiompan ria.



## TO THE READER.

THE writer of the present poem thinks it necessary to acquaint the public, that it is founded on a short traditional story, which reached him by the following accidental circumstance. A gentleman in Perthshire, well known for his researches into antiquity and national character\*, chancing while on a tour to the Hebrides, to hear some person say, ‘ I’ll never burn my harp for a woman †,’ took occasion to ask the meaning of the proverb.—He received for answer, a simple unadorned tale, somewhat similar to the groundwork of the present poem; the singularity of which struck him so forcibly, that he committed it to writing. On a visit, some years ago, to a

\* Mr. Ramsay, of Auchertyre.

† ‘ Smeirg a loisgeadh a thiompan ria.’

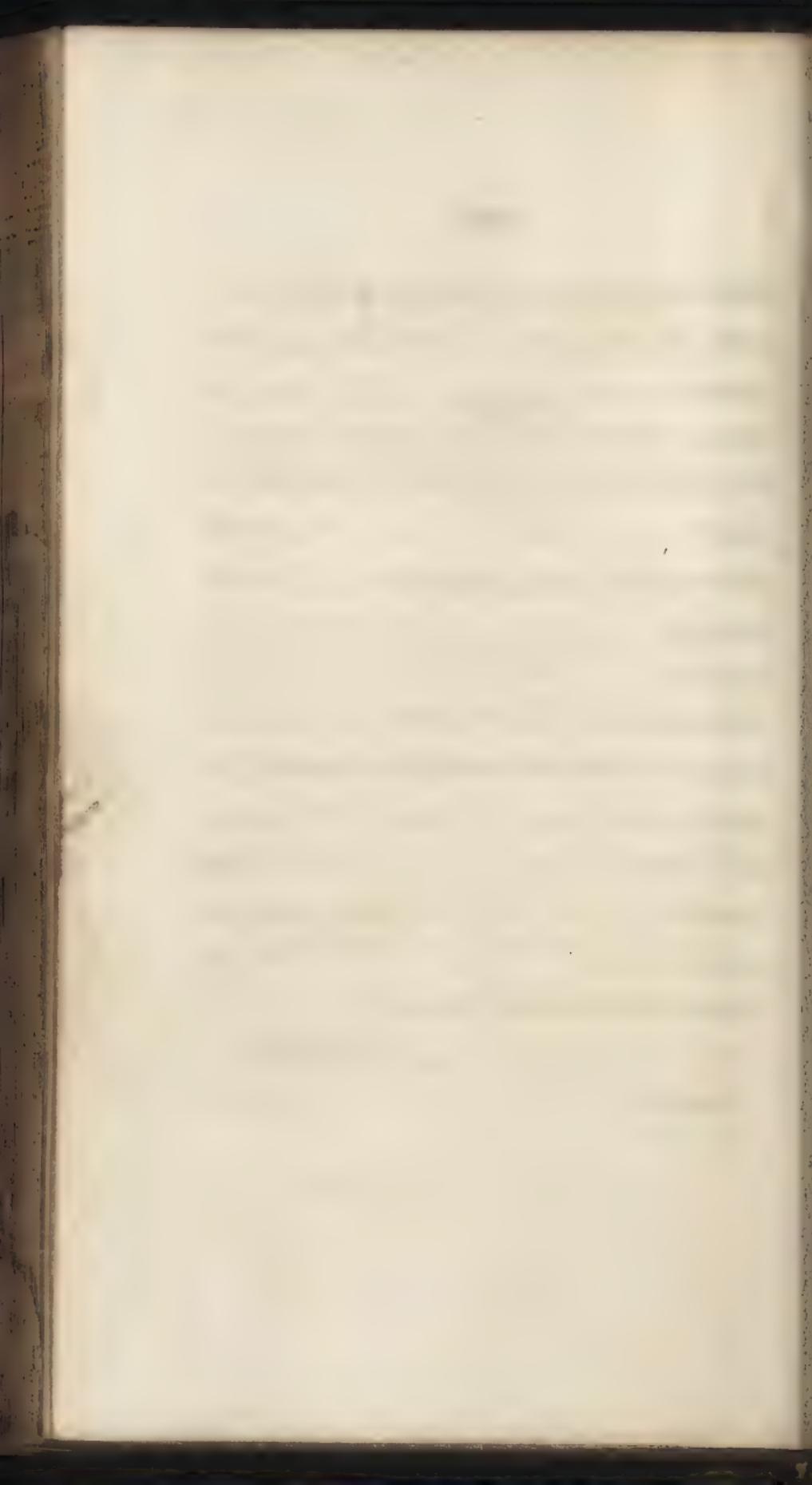
friend\* who had accidentally seen the manuscript, he related this little artless story to the author, and, with his usual glow of colouring, diffused such an air of novelty and passion over it, as to suggest an idea that something interesting might be made of it in verse. The first part was written shortly after, but the author's sudden departure for Europe, put a stop for some time to any further attempt; although he must confess, inclination repeatedly disposed him to finish what he had begun. A tedious passage home, furnished him with ample opportunities to gratify this propensity—his residence in Britain since his arrival, has enabled him to receive the opinion of his friends, and to avail himself of their strictures.

Having given this short account of his Harp, the author now presents it to the world, with that

\* The late Mr. Graham, of Gartmore.

mixture of hope and diffidence which the partiality of friends, and the uncertainty of public approbation, naturally excite. Of its merits he shall say nothing. In an age, and in a country, however, so highly cultivated as the present, one observation may not be improper. Should the poem in some instances appear too irregular and abrupt in its construction, the author begs it may not be imputed to inadvertency, but design. His aim was to render his tale rather interesting than regular, and animated rather than correct. Nature and passion indeed, were his chief objects; and as these can never derive such energy from descriptive as from dramatic composition, it is almost unnecessary for him to observe, that the Ancient Ballad has been his model.

Edinburgh,  
April 15, 1789.



# THE HARP.

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## PART I.

STILL'D is the tempest's blust'ring roar;

Hoarse dash the billows of the sea;—

But who on Kilda's dismal shore

Cries—‘Have I burnt my Harp for thee!'

‘Tis Col, wild raving to the gale,

That howls o'er heath, and blasted lea;

Still as he eyes the lessening sail,

Cries—‘Have I burnt my Harp for thee!'

—Bright was thy fame in Bara's isle,  
Sweet bard! where many a rival sung;  
Oft hadst thou wak'd the tear and smile  
As soft thy Harp melodious rung:

Oft hadst thou touch'd the female heart,  
(To love I ween! and pity true)  
Till Mora came to hear thy art;—  
Mora, with eye of softening blue.

The maid he priz'd above the throng  
That press'd to hear his raptur'd strain;—  
The maid, who melted at the song,  
But trifled with a lover's pain:

Long had he borne the treach'rous smile

That cherish'd hope, and left despair;

The promis'd bliss which female guile

As oft dispers'd in empty air;

Till shunn'd by ev'ry constant maid ;

Condemn'd by friends ; by kindred prest ;

Deceitful thus, in smiles array'd,

Mora the sorrowing youth addrest :

‘ Too long, O Col ! in plaintive moan

Thou'st strung thy Harp to strains divine ; —

Add but two strings of varied tone,

This heart, this yielding heart, is thine.’

Two strings the youth, with anxious care,

Half doubtful, to his Harp applies;

And oft, in vain, he turns each air,

And oft each varying note he tries;

At length (unrivall'd in his art !)

With new-born sounds the valley rings;—

Col claims his Mora's promis'd heart

As deep he strikes the varied strings!

Three moons, three honied moons, are past

Since Col, enraptur'd, laugh'd at care;

And oft the tuneful Harp he blest

That won a nymph so good and fair:

Till mindful of those tender ties

That fashion's sons would blush to name;

With soften'd voice, and melting sighs,

He thus accosts his peerless dame.

• Three months, dear partner of my bliss !

Three fleeting months have shed their charms,

Since first I snatch'd the bridal kiss,

And clasp'd perfection to my arms :

Yet happiness, however true,

Must fade if selfish or confin'd ; —

Your friends now claim affections due ;

The kindred transports of the mind !

Each parent mourns our cold delay;

They think of Mora with a tear:

The gale invites—at early day

To Cana's sea-beat shore we steer.'

The morn blush'd fair; mild blew the gale;

The lark to heaven light warbling springs;

Col smiles with love, spreads quick the sail,

And sweeps with ravish'd heart the strings !

But ah ! how short the transient gleams

That light with joy the human breast !—

The tempest raves, and wildly screams

Each frightened sea fowl to her nest.

High rage the billows of the deep  
That lately roll'd serenely mild,  
And dash'd near Kilda's awful steep;  
Col clasps his love with horror wild.

For cold's the form o'er which he hung  
With raptur'd eye the morn before;  
And mute, and tuneless is the tongue  
That charm'd so late on Bara's shore;

And pale and lifeless is the cheek  
That glow'd so late with rosy hue;  
The eye that melting joys could speak  
Is clos'd!—the eye of soft'ning blue.

Hard with the furious surge he strove,  
His Love and fav'rite Harp to save;  
Till deep in Crona's sea-worn cove,  
He bears them safe from storm and wave.

But cove, nor love's assiduous care  
Could ebbing life's warm tide restore!—  
Pale, wet, and speechless lay the fair  
On Kilda's bleak and stormy shore.

Oft, oft her breathless lips of clay  
With frantic cries he fondly prest;  
And while a senseless corse she lay,  
He strain'd her madly to his breast.—

But who can paint with pencil true  
The scene, when sighs first struggling stole  
(Which thus by magic love he drew)  
Deep lab'ring from her fluttering soul!

‘ She breathes!—she lives! ’ the minstrel cried,  
‘ Life has not fled this beauteous form!—  
Protecting heaven! some aid provide!—  
Shield—shield my trembler from the storm !

‘ No roof its friendly smoke displays!—  
No storm-scap’d faggot, turf, nor tree—  
No shrub to yield one kindly blaze,  
And warm my love to life and me !

Dark grows the night!—and cold and sharp  
Beat wind, and hail, and drenching ran!  
Nought else remains—I'll burn my Harp!  
He cries, and breaks his Harp in twain.

‘ For thee, O Mora! oft it rung,  
To guard thee from each rival's art;  
And now, though broken and unstrung,  
It guards from death thy constant hear.’

Bright flam'd the fragments as he spoke;  
One parting sigh his Harp he gave:  
The storm-drench'd faggots blaze thro' smoke,  
And snatch his Mora from the grave.

## P A R T II.

Now heedless rav'd the stormy night,  
For instant terror frown'd no more,  
And cheerful blaz'd the spreading light  
Round Kilda's dark and dismal shore;

And cheerful smil'd the grateful pair,  
And talk'd of death and dangers past,  
When loud the voice of wild despair  
Came rushing on the midnight blast.

Chill horror seiz'd each lover's heart.—

‘ Ah me! what dismal sounds draw near!—

Defend us heaven!’ with sudden start

Cry'd Mora, thrill'd with frantic fear.

One hand supports his trembling wife,

The other grasps his trusty glave;

‘ My Harp,’ he cries, ‘ has given thee life,

And *this*, that precious life shall save!’

‘ No danger comes,’ deep sigh'd a form,

As near the cave it shiv'ring stood;

‘ A stranger shipwreck'd by the storm.

Implores the gen'rous and the good;

No danger comes—ah me! forlorn!

A wretch by woes and tempests tost!—

From love, from friends, and kindred torn,

And dash'd on Kilda's frightful coast!

Restless with grief, at op'ning day

For Lewis' isle I spread the sail;

Sweet rose the lark with cheerful lay,

And sweetly blew the flatt'ring gale!

Ah fate relentless! thus to cheat

With baneful lure and treach'rous smile!—

Were human suff'rings not complete

Till wreck'd on Kilda's desert isle!

Lur'd by the light that gleams afar,  
With fainting steps these cliffs I prest:—  
O! may it prove a polar star,  
And guide to pity's shelt'ring breast!"

Quick from his grasp the falchion flies  
As Col each opening arm extends;  
' Approach, ill fated youth!' he cries,  
' Here—here are none but suff'ring friends!

Like thee, we hail'd the matin song,  
The flatt'ring gale, and faithless tide!—  
How sweet! by zephyrs borne along,  
My Harp and Mora by my side!

Why starts the youth?—approach—draw near.

Behold the wreck of storm and wave.—

'Tis all that's left!—my Harp so dear

I burn'd, that fair one's life to save!"

First pale, then crimson grew his cheek,

And sorely shook his manly frame!

His fault'ring tongue refus'd to speak,

Save to repeat his Mora's name—

A name which oft had charm'd his ear,

And e'en from childhood grew more sweet;

A name which love had render'd dear,

And sorrow taught him to repeat!

Long had he nurs'd the kindling flame,  
Long, long possess'd her virgin heart;  
But party feuds and discord came,  
And forc'd the tend'rest pair to part.

Torn hapless thus from all he lov'd,  
The wretched wand'rer left his home;  
From isle to isle incessant rov'd;—  
His only wish—to idly roam!

Oft had he brav'd the tempest's war,  
Unaided in his slender bark;  
Oft lonely steer'd by some faint star  
That glimmer'd through th' involving dark;

Oft, oft uncertain whether driven,  
Or near some rock, or breaker borne;  
He'd quit his helm to guiding heaven,  
And sigh his cheerless lot till morn!

Oft had the wild heath been his bed,  
On some lone hill, or craggy steep;  
While lightnings flash'd around his head,  
And eagles scream'd his woes asleep.

Thus pass'd his wand'ring life away,  
'A wretch by woes and tempests tost,'  
Till fortune, in her changeful play,  
Wreck'd him on Kilda's fatal coast.

Ah! little thought he while he strove  
'Gainst whelming wave and rocky shore,  
Yon light would guide him to his love,  
For whom these ceaseless ills he bore!

‘Why starts the youth?—approach—draw rear;  
Behold the wreck of storm and wave!—  
'Tis all that's left!—my Harp so dear  
I burn'd, that fair one's life to save!’

A glance from Mora's speaking eye  
Half calm'd the fond youth's labouring breast.  
The tale goes round—the bleak winds sigh,  
And Col mistrustless sinks to rest.

Ah! how could cold distrust possess  
A breast so gen'rous, kind, and true!  
A heart still melting to distress,  
To love—false fair one! and to—you.

The morn arose with aspect drear,  
The waves still dash with sullen roar.—  
Col starts from rest—no Mora's near,  
The treach'rous pair are far from shore!

From Kilda's cliff that towers on high,  
He spies the white sail far at sea;  
And while the big tear fills each eye,  
Cries—‘ Have I burn'd my Harp for thee?’

‘ O most ungrateful of thy kind!  
And most unjust to love and me!—  
O woman! woman! light as wind,  
I'll ne'er burn Harp again for thee!’

## THE WEE THING;

OR,

MARY OF CASTLE-CARY.

A BALLAD.

‘ SAW ye my wee thing? Saw ye mine ain thing?

Saw ye my true love down on yon lea?

Cross’d she the meadow yestreen at the gloaming?

Sought she the burnie whar flow’rs the haw tree?

Her hair it is lint-white; her skin it is milk-white;

Dark is the blue o’ her saft rolling ee;

Red, red her ripe lips! And sweeter than roses:—

Whar could my wee thing wander frae me?’

' I saw nae your wee thing, I saw nae your ain thing,  
Nor saw I your true love down by yon lea;  
But I met my bonny thing late in the gloaming,  
Down by the burnie whar flow'rs the haw tree.

Her hair it was lint-white; her skin it was milk-white;  
Dark was the blue o' her saft rolling ee;  
Red ware her ripe lips, and sweeter than roses:  
Sweet ware the kisses that she gae to me !

It was nae my wee thing, it was nae my ain thing,  
It was nae my true love ye met by the tree:  
Proud is her leel heart! modest her nature!  
She never loo'd ony, till ance she loo'd me.'

‘ Her name it is Mary; she’s frae Castle-Cary:  
Aft has she sat, when a bairn, on my knee:—  
Fair as your face is, war’t fifty times fairer,  
Young bragger, she ne’er would gie kisses to thee!’

‘ It was then your Mary; she’s frae Castle-Cary;  
It was then your true love I met by the tree:  
Proud as her heart is, and modest her nature,  
Sweet ware the kisses that she gae to me.’

Sair gloom’d his dark brow, blood-red his cheek grew,  
Wild flash’d the fire frae his red rolling ee!—  
‘ Ye’s rue sair, this morning, your boasts and your  
scorning:  
Defend ye, fause traitor! fu’ loudly ye lie.’

‘ Awa wi’ beguiling,’ cried the youth, smiling.—

Aff went the bonnet; the lint-white locks flee;  
The belted plaid fa’ing, her white bosom shawing,  
Fair stood the lov’d maid wi’ the dark rolling ee!

‘ Is it my wee thing! is it mine ain thing!

Is it my true love here that I see!’

‘ O Jamie, forgie me; your heart’s constant to me;  
I’ll never mair wander, dear laddie, frae thee!’



Stothard del.

Parker sculp.

*Aff went the bonnet, the lint white locks flee :  
The belted plaid fairing, her white bosom showing,  
Fair stood the lond maid wi' the dark rolling ee!*

*Publish'd as the Act directs by Longman & Rees, 2. June, 1801.*

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... НАСИЧИЯ ЗИИ

Бывод засел, which, reflected with

another—order common (also given) being off

To J. W.

ON HIS BIRTH-DAY.

A DIALOGUE BETWEEN SEVENTY-TWO AND  
TWENTY-SEVEN.

*M.* ANOTHER year to banish gloom,  
And still my friend retains his bloom!—  
Still laughs, and jokes, and tells his tale;  
Eats heartily; drinks homebrew'd ale;  
Enjoys good health; is fat and stout,  
Though sometimes tortur'd with the gout.—

*W.* The *gout!* young man!—come, come—refrain!  
You know, Macneill, 'tis but a *sprain*;—  
A random step—a heedless tread.—  
You smile, I see, and shake your head—

—Well! be it so—with all my heart—

You know the truth—I know the smart!

*M.* Be thankful, sir! in life's dull round

Few *W*—s are to be found:

Oppress'd with want, perplex'd with care,

Diseas'd, or madd'ning with despair,

The poor or wealthy rarely find

Sound health conjoin'd with tranquil mind.

Now these, you know, have blest you long,

But yet, my friend! you're not still young;

And 'twixt us two, were truths all told,

You think the *gout* sounds plaguy *old*.—

Arriv'd at years full threescore ten.—

*W.* Who told you that?—*M.* Why, there again

The *sound is old*—pox on this tongue!

I wish to God you still were young!

—If I am wrong I cry you mercy ;  
My proofs, I own, are only—hearsay—  
But tell the truth and I'll engage, sir.—

*W.* —I'm not oblig'd to tell my age, sir.—

*M.* Well ! be it seventy, more or less,  
I say your lot is happiness.  
True, once a year that *stomach sprain*  
A month or longer gives you pain.  
The fault's your own ; I can assure you  
In half the time a child might cure you.

*W.* Dear Mac ! the means ?—*M.* Why then I'll tell ye,  
Stay more at home ; please less the belly.  
Mark now, my friend, and then complain,  
Pray what is e'en a month of pain ?  
Unknown to fever, gout, or stone,  
The passing year glides smoothly on ;

And while life frets and discomposes  
Hear how *you* spread your bed of roses.

Esteem'd by all, by some ador'd,  
You often grace your neighbour's board;  
They give whate'er you prize as best,  
Old wine—old joke—old ale—old jest,  
Yet mix a charm that all surpasses!—

*W.* What's that you rogue?—*M.* Young bonny lasses.

Some hours in social converse blest,  
What say you to a game at *whist*?  
Agreed—cut in—you get the worst,  
I'll not aver he will be curs'd,

But for his *shufflings*, *cuts*, and *dealings*,  
I would not own them for—some shillings\*.

At supper next I see you sit  
Replete with glee and social wit;  
With some fair nymph you laugh and sport,  
Your feast an egg; your liquor port.  
The toast goes round, you ask a song,  
‘ The *medley*, Mac—if not too long.’  
To sing, you know, I ne’er refuse,  
(My song is readier than my muse);  
But let me warble what I’m able,  
You’re still the blitheſt at the table.

\* Alluding to his constant practice of comment-  
ing on his partner’s shuffling, cutting, and dealing  
the cards whenever he chanced to have a bad hand.

Temp'rate and wise, at early day  
You spring from rest refresh'd and gay;  
And sallying forth from six hours nap,  
Away you stroll in gown and cap:  
Old honest James,\* with ruddy cheek  
And hobbling gait, you need not seek;  
He's still at hand to banish sorrow,  
To doff his hat and bid good morrow;  
For 'weel,' he says, 'round ilka spot  
He likes to see your honour stot.'  
Here, on some green-inviting walk,  
With him you jest, with him you talk;  
Mark how each vernal beauty blows,  
How fresh the pink, how sweet the rose;

\* An old gardener remarkable for a peculiar phraseology.

How nature's op'ning charms advance,  
And sigh for him who calls it—*chance!*  
Here, too, on ev'ry blossom'd spray  
The thrush and linnet yield their lay,  
Around the house the cooing dove  
Or flutt'ring flies, or woos his love,  
And many a fowl with ardour keen  
Greet their kind patron on the green,  
While Rover\* mild, and Trap\* in high glee,  
Caper and frisk whene'er they spy ye.

Some time in study next ensues,  
Then off go slippers ; on go shoes ;  
From crimson cap and nightgown gay,  
A three-tail'd wig, and coat of grey.

\* Two favourite dogs.

Should friends arrive, they'll get pot-luck;  
 A cod's head stew'd, or roast veal pluck;\*  
 Should none appear—‘ Why, be it so,  
 For here comes DAVIE,† JEN,† and JOE†;  
 With friends like these I'm ne'er alone,  
 You cry—but where's your favourite, JOHN?†

Ah! stop, brisk muse, a little while;  
 A sudden pang has check'd the smile—  
 Ye sportive rhimes—effusions gay,—  
 Ye trifling jests—hence! hence—away!  
 For other tasks for *me* remain!  
 The pensive thought; the plaintive strain;

\* Two favourite dishes.

† His daughter and three sons.

The frequent sigh; the throbbing breast  
That beats for friendship—late possess'd!  
That droops for mirth's enliv'ning string,  
Wit's attic zest, without its sting;  
Genius that glow'd with sense refin'd,  
And worth that charm'd and bless'd mankind!  
And thou, poor muse, whose rambling song  
In artless numbers roll'd along;  
Heedless I ween of critic sneer  
When candid, skilful JOHN was near  
To watch thy flight, and guide thy way,  
And prune thy wild excursive lay!—  
Ah me! no more on soaring wing  
Thy careless notes thou dar'st to sing!  
Tim'rous and sad now flutt'ring fly!—  
'Tis strains like *these* thou now must try!

Yes, wretched thing! go—vent thy moan,  
Thy friend!—thy early guide—is gone!\*

\* The excellent person here mentioned, was one of the most dear and intimate friends the author ever had. He was a man who (independently of the most amiable virtues) possessed great genius; but, like many others of distinguished abilities, too indolent to prosecute or apply his talents to advantage. His memory was so extraordinary, that he could get by rote eight hundred lines of poetry in a day without the omission of a word; and he once offered, in the author's presence, to lay a considerable bet, that without any assistance whatever, he would in three days play over every move in Philidore's Treatise on Chess. He was an admirable critic, and no contemptible poet; both of which arts he cultivated with care; and his excellence in painting, had it been encouraged, would have entitled him to eminence. He

likewise possessed an exquisite taste in music, and what renders the character singular is, that with these gifts of genius, mathematics, calculation, and abstract science seemed to be his forte.

To ROBERT GRAHAM, Esq.

OF  
GARTMORE,

On hearing he had praised one of the Author's Poems,  
and written the following elegant lines on a copy  
sent to Miss BUCHANAN of Leny.\*

WHILE strains like these beguile a wand'r'r's care,  
And fancy's smile unfetters fortune's frown,  
Oft will reflection doubt with anxious air  
If e'er one sprig this wand'r'r's head shall crown.

\* TEATH† heard the strain, and heard the youth,  
As round her verdant meads he stray'd,  
Still boast his LAURA and his truth,  
Regardless of her fav'rite maid;

† The river Teath near Leny.

‘ And O !’ she cried, ‘ whate’er his breast may fire,  
Whether of love or patriot zeal he sings,  
Ne’er may ambition prompt the low desire  
To feed on flatt’ry wheresoe’er it springs.

Yet should the voice of taste and sense refin’d  
Applaud what some may love, and all may hear;  
And bursting from an elegance of mind  
Steal sweetly grateful on a poet’s ear;

And as he wove a chaplet gay,  
And ev’ry flow’ret cull’d with care,  
She snatch’d the rosy wreath away,  
And twin’d it round BUCHANAN’s hair.

Welcome! the meed to fire the coming muse  
And add fresh ardour to the patriot strain!  
Nor virtue blush, nor modesty refuse  
To gather flow'rs at truth's unspotted fane!"

Fame heard the prayer, and pointing to the bays,  
Deep in yon tablet grav'd no vulgar name;  
'Behold!' she cried, 'the bard who yields his praise.'  
The wand'rerdoubting gaz'd, and found it--GRAHAM.

ON THE DEATH OF  
LIEUT. GEN. SIR RALPH ABERCROMBY,

Killed at the Battle of Alexandria, in Egypt,

21st March, 1801.

FROM carnag'd fields bedrench'd with gore,  
How long must Pity shrink with pain;  
Turn, shuddering pale, from shore to shore,  
And weep her patriot heroes slain!

Touch'd at her tears that streaming flow,  
(Just tribute to the good and brave)  
Britannia, wrapt in sable woe,  
Bends o'er her ABERCROMBY's grave.

‘ And could not age,’ she sorrowing cries,  
‘ From blood protect thy final doom?  
Gild thy last eve with milder skies,  
And lay thee gently in the tomb?’

Rock’d in the cradle of alarms,  
Nurs’d in the school where glory’s won,  
Rejoicing in the din of arms,  
Soon Valour hail’d her darling son:

Foresaw the bright, the guiding beam  
That led to Honour’s splendid goal;  
Saw, flash’d round POMPEY’S PILLAR, gleam  
The parting light’nings of his soul!

Yet, in the warrior's dauntless breast

Fond Hope with mellowing pencil drew;

Pourtray'd the scene when laurel'd rest,

In peace, enjoys the fav'rite few!—

Vain dream!—with war's indignant frown

Fame twin'd the cypress with the bay;—

‘ Be this,’ she cried, ‘ the laurel crown

To deck my hero's parting day!

Sunk in the shade of still repose,

Unhonour'd drop the valiant dead;—

Bright as his day shall beam the close—

He dies in Glory's patriot bed!’

‘ He lives !’ Britannia warm replies,  
As high the trophied urn she rears;  
‘ He lives in VIRTUE’s bursting sighs,  
His COUNTRY’S PRAISE!—his COUNTRY’S  
TEARS !’

ON

## ADMIRAL LORD NELSON'S

Sending, in the hour of Victory, a Flag of Truce to  
stop the further effusion of blood in the memo-  
rable Naval Engagement off Copenhagen, April  
2d, 1801.

AGAIN the tide of rapture swells;  
Britannia sees new trophies rise;  
Again the trump of vict'ry tells  
That with the brave compassion lies!

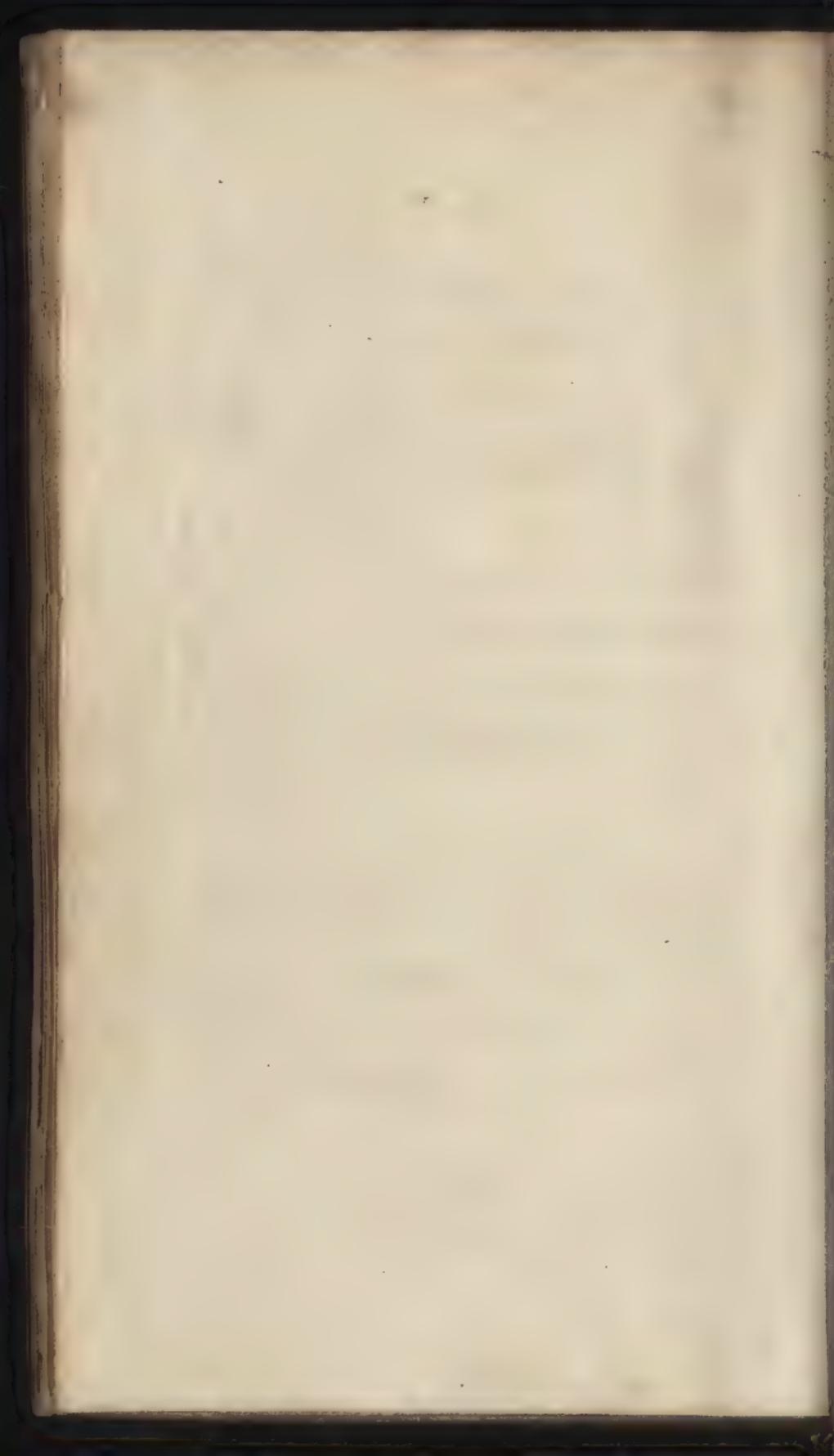
In vain the carnage of the field!  
In vain the conquest of the main!  
The brave may bleed—the brave may yield,  
'Tis *Mercy* binds the brave again!

True to the dictates of the heart  
That melts to pity's godlike glow,  
HUMANITY arrests the dart,  
Half wing'd, to lay the vanquish'd low;

Swift through the battle's thund'ring storm;  
See! deck'd in smiles she takes her stand;  
Assumes her NELSON's fav'rite form,  
And lifts her ægis o'er the land!

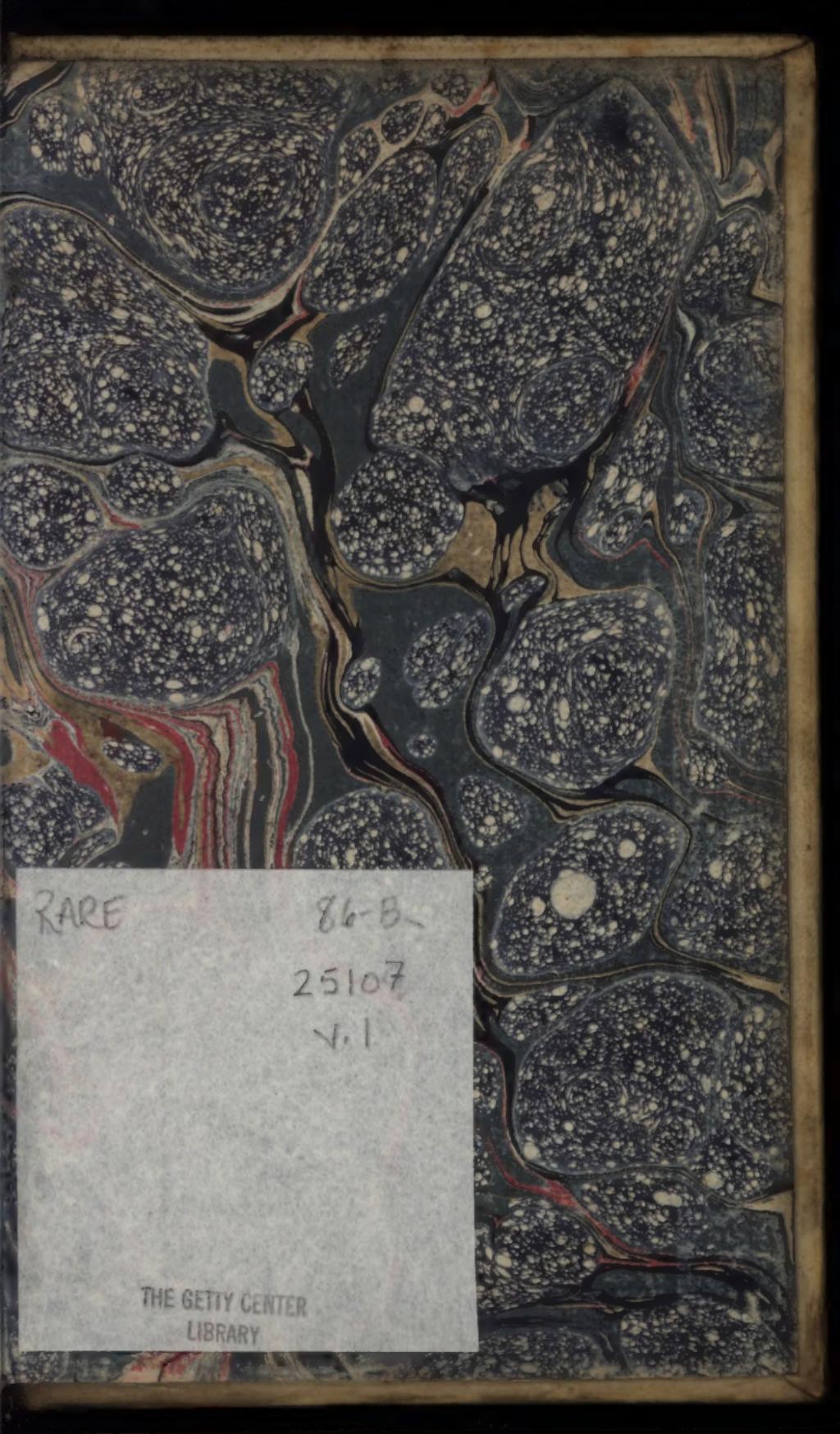
Struck with the radiance of her shield,  
Returning Friendship warms the Dane!—  
The brave may fight!—the brave may yield!  
MERCY unites the brave again.





e/c





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